The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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THE GAZETTE.

JANESVILLE, MONDAY, JANUARY 20.

DID MR. BRICE BUY VOTES?

The following note has been received at the Gazette office under the date of Saturday:

To the Gazette: – I see your paper continually harps upon Mr. Brice buying his election. Can you prove that he bought votes, or that he is a scoundrel? Let us know something more definite about his political and money transactions.

DEMOCRAT.

Mr. Calvin S. Brice is neither a thief nor a scoundrel in any way, and not even the prominent democratic papers that opposed his election, charged that he was either of these things, and of course no republican paper has made a campaign of slander against the senator-elect from Ohio. But because Mr. Brice is not a thief or a scoundrel, it does not estop one from truthfully saying that his election is a dishonor to the legislature of Ohio. It was the power of money which secured his election. Without his millions it would have been utterly impossible for him or any other man in his circumstances, living in New York, to demand a senatorial election by the legislature of another state. It is not necessary to show that Mr. Brice bribed legislators in order to prove that his election was a dishonorable one. By the liberal use of money in 1888, and by thousands spent last fall in securing the election of democratic members of the legislature, he placed them under personal and pecuniary obligations to him. These things made his election sure.

In regard to Mr. Brice's history there is one or two points of interest. He gained his reputation, or more properly speaking, his notoriety, on Wall street. Nine years ago Mr. Brice was a poor man. He had neither money nor reputation. In fact he was worse off, financially, than nothing. Ex-governor Foster, of Ohio, was then governor and held a mortgage on all the property Mr. Brice had. He was a poor lawyer, had no business, and no prospect of any, and in the hour of sore need he begged Governor Foster to turn some business over to him. Charley Foster never turned a beggar away empty handed, and never refused a young man assistance. So Governor Foster took compassion on Brice, and sent him to New York to attend to some stock transaction on Wall street. When he got among the bulls and bears of that famous street he found that by disobeying Foster's orders he could make some money for the governor, and did so, and by the transaction cleared $40,000 for Foster. Unlike Girard, who discharged one of his agents who made many thousands of dollars for him by disobeying orders, Governor Foster complimented Brice, and gave him such a large share in the profits of that transaction that he was able to satisfy the mortgage the governor held against him. Mr. Brice then went to New York where he has since lived, and he has been a daring and successful speculator, making in less than eight years over six million dollars.

LEGISLATURES AND COUNTRY ROADS.

A freeze that would enable farmers to gather in their corn crop and market it would be a signal blessing over a wide district. In many sections the country roads are well nigh impassable. If the various state legislatures could be pulled the mud of Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, and other states for a couple of weeks, they would possibly arise to a consideration of the importance of good country roads and engage in the needed legislation. There is no greater demand for wise and effective legislation in all the western states than that for better country roads. Millions of dollars are to-day tied up and useless in the west because of the mud embargo.—*Inter Ocean.*

The condition of country roads in nearly all the western states during the past two or three months, should stimulate a determination among farmers to inaugurate a practical reform in the line of road-making. The Gazette has several times within the past few months, printed the opinions of men well informed on the subject, as to the annual loss to farming communities in consequence of unimproved roads, so that need not be repeated.

The necessity for more durable and safe country roads is plainly seen in every county in the northwest. Outside of Ohio, there is hardly a mile of permanent country road in the northwestern states. There are a good many days during the year, especially in the spring and late in the fall and oftentimes in the winter, when the roads are almost impassable, and this condition of things cannot exist without a serious loss to the farmers.

In view of these facts it is a wonder that the farmers do not make a practical move in the direction of securing better roads. More farmers are sent to legislatures than lawyers, merchants or manufacturers, and yet they do not demand that wise legislation which is of more importance to them than any railway legislation they can secure. The whole matter appears to go by default. They don't seem to comprehend the almost inestimable benefits that will come to them through a system of country road making that will render the roads passable at any season of the year with the heaviest loads.

If farmers were wise in their day and generation they would move as in a solid column on the legislature and demand what they most need when market time comes—roads that can't be swamped by any change in the weather.

TAXES AT HOME AND ABROAD.

The discussion going on in regard to "taxes" and the tariff is very amusing, especially when one takes into account the little knowledge some free traders have of what taxes mean in this country as compared with those in other countries. "The burden of taxation," is a song the democrats have been singing for for nearly thirty years, when in fact there is no country on the globe where taxes are so insignificantly small as in the United States. In England, the personal property tax of the poor is something not known in this country. But the Gazette will give an illustration of the difference between taxes here and in Germany, which will not fail of interest.

A very intelligent German living not far from Janesville, has a father and two or three brothers living on a farm of twelve acres, situated on the Elbe, some thirty or forty miles from Hamburg. They are engaged in fruit growing, and as a rule the production is quite large, and under reasonably fair circumstances the profit should be quite considerable. "But," says the young man, who has been here about six years, "they do not make as much as they ought, for the taxes are so very heavy." "Well," the question was put to him, "how much are the taxes per annum?" The answer was, "when I was there, and I understand they haven't decreased since, they were about one thousand dollars a year." One thousand dollars! "Yes," he said, "one thousand dollars a year, and everybody owning land pays about the same rate of taxes."

When an American farmer or a gardener, or a workingman who owns property, contemplates the enormity of such taxation, he will thank himself and the government that he lives in a land where there is no such a thing as burdensome taxation.

The Charleston News and Courier urges the retention of the tariff upon sugar, and claims as an argument that the sugar tariff is not a tariff for protection, but for revenue. If this view will be upheld by all the southern papers, the way to the abolition of the sugar tariff is easy. That it is a protective tariff is absolutely the only argument for its retention. Now that we know that it is a tariff for revenue only, we can easily dispense with it, and thus reduce the surplus revenue.—*Boston Advertiser.*

All the southern papers fall into line in supporting the duty on sugar, not because the revenue therefrom is needed, not because there is a principle of protection that must be sustained, but because sugar is a southern product. If there is a single article in this country that should be admitted free, that article is sugar. Its universal use, its importance as one of the necessaries of life, the fact that protection does not stimulate production, demand that it should not be burdened by a duty that is protective in its character. But every time, the southern papers look at protection with sectional prejudice. They want sugar and rice protected, but all the products of the north they demand shall be free.

The report of the conclusions of the Massachusetts civil service commissioners for the past year contains some facts of special interest. It appears that the average age of the persons who passed the examinations last year was thirty-five years, and that the average age of those who failed was almost the same. There were 1,483 persons examined, and it is a significant circumstance that 989 of the 1,016 who passed were graduates of the common schools, only twenty-seven of the whole number having enjoyed an academic education. This should be a convincing argument to those opponents of civil service reform who foolishly argue that the examination give an advantage to youths just out of school and college. Nearly half of the subordinate officers of the state of Massachusetts have been appointed under civil-service regulations, and the thought of returning to the old method is considered intolerable by enlightened citizens.

One of the newspaper correspondents in the senate has given the press some figures as to the wealth of the United States senators. The figures, of course, are mere guess-work, but likely approximate reasonably near the correct figures:

Barbour	$ 1,000,000	Plumb	$ 1,000,000
Brown	3,500,000	Sawyer	3,000,000
Cameron	3,000,000	Sherman	2,000,000
Farwell	2,000,000	Squire	1,000,000
Hale	2,000,000	Stanford	30,000,000
Hearst	10,000,000	Stewart	1,000,000
Jones (Nev.)	2,000,000	Stockbridge	1,000,000
McMillan	10,000,000	Brice	6,500,000
Payne	5,000,000		

The correspondent puts in the question, "how many of these men would be in the senate now were they all as poor as Webster, Clay, Calhoun, Chase, Conkling, Marton, Thurman, Sumner, and Logan? Well, there are several of them that have brains in connection with their millions. Hale is by no means out of place in the senate, neither is Plumb, nor Sawyer, who is one of the best business men in the senate, nor Sherman, whose ability commands the respect of both parties.

There are some democratic papers that oppose the democratic scheme in congress to send the negroes in this country back to Africa. The bill will not pass nor come anywhere near it, but it shows the spirit of some of the southern members of congress toward the negroes.

The future governors of New Jersey will be happy, the salary being increased to $10,000, equal to the salaries paid by New York and Pennsylvania. Outside of politics, there are many good things about New Jersey.

The democrats have trouble ahead—Ingalls is set down for a speech in the senate against Butler. The coming of a cyclone couldn't disturb the democrats in the senate more than a speech from Ingalls.

TOO MANY NEGROES.

Their Incursion Into Arkansas Arousing Bad Feeling Among the Whites.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 20.—The negro exodus to Arkansas is arousing some feeling. The State press generally and a majority of the citizens condemn the planters who employ the negroes on their plantations and who defend the movement on the ground that the present force of laborers is insufficient to cultivate the cotton crop or open new land. From this date until April next 5,000 negroes are expected to settle in the State.

WINDOM'S SILVER BILL.

TEXT OF THE FORTHCOMING MEASURE.

It Will Be Presented to Congress This Week—Rumors of Secretary Blaine's Retirement—Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Secretary Windom has completed the bill embodying the silver measure proposed in his annual report, and it will be presented in both branches of Congress this week. The bill, which may be regarded as an administration measure, is entitled "A bill authorizing the issue of treasury notes on deposit of silver bullion," and the full text is as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That any owner of silver bullion the product of the mines of the United States or of ores smelted or refined in the United States may deposit the same at any coinage mint or at any assay office in the United States that the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, and receive therefor treasury notes hereinafter provided for, equal at the date of deposit to the net value of such silver at the market price, such price to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury under rules and regulations prescribed, based upon the price current in the leading silver markets of the world. But no deposit consisting in whole or in part of silver bullion or foreign silver coins imported into this country, or bars resulting from melted or refined foreign silver coins, shall be received under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be prepared treasury notes in such amounts as may be required for the purpose of the above section, and in such form and denominations as he may prescribe; provided, that no notes shall be of a denomination of less than $1 nor more than $1,000.

Sec. 3. That the notes issued under this act shall be receivable for custom taxes and all public debts, and when received into the Treasury may be reissued, and such notes, when held by any national banking association, shall be counted as part of its lawful reserve.

Sec. 4. That the notes issued under the provisions of this act shall be redeemed upon demand at the treasury of the United States or at the office of an assistant treasurer of the United States, by the issue of a certificate of deposit for the sum of the notes so presented, payable at one of the mints of the United States, in an amount of silver bullion equal in value, on the date of said certificate, to the number of dollars stated therein, at the market price of silver, to be determined as provided in Section 1; or such notes may be redeemed in gold coin at the option of the government; provided that, upon demand of the holder, such notes shall be redeemed in silver dollars.

Sec. 5. That when the market price of silver, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall exceed one dollar for 371.25 grains of pure silver, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to refuse to receive deposits of silver bullion for the purposes of this act.

Sec. 6. That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President of the United States, to suspend temporarily the receipt of silver bullion for treasury notes at any time when he is satisfied that through combinations or speculative manipulation of the market the price of silver is arbitrary, nominal, or fictitious.

Sec. 7. That the silver bullion deposited under this act, represented by treasury notes which have been redeemed in gold coin or in silver dollars, may be coined into standard silver dollars or any other denomination of silver coin now authorized by law, for the purpose of replacing the coin used in the redemption of the notes.

Sec. 8. That so much of the act of Feb. 28, 1878, entitled "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal tender character," as requires the monthly purchase and coinage into silver dollars of not less than $2,000,000 nor more than $4,000,000 worth of silver bullion be hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. That any gain or seigniorage arising from the coinage which may be executed under the provisions of this act shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury as provided by existing law.

Sec. 10. That silver bullion received under the provisions of this act shall be subject to the requirements of existing law and the regulations of the mint service governing the methods of receipt, determining the amount of pure silver contained and the amount of charges or reductions, if any, to be made.

Sec. 11. That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the purchase, from time to time, as may be required, of silver bullion for the subsidiary silver coinage.

Sec. 12. That a sum sufficient to carry out the provisions of this act is hereby appropriated out of the money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 13. That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 14. That this act shall take effect thirty days from and after its passage.

LAID TO REST.

Impressive Funeral Services Over the Remains of Walker Blaine.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The funeral of Walker Blaine took place Saturday morning. The preliminary services were held at his father's residence and were only attended by the invited friends. Among those present were the members and relatives of the family, President and Mrs. Harrison, Vice-President Morton, members of the cabinet, the Senators and members of the House from Maine, and several of the other New England States.

The services were conducted by Dr. Hamlin and consisted merely of prayer. The pall-bearers were the Hon. William F. Wharton, Judge John Davis (ex-chief clerk of the State Department), L. A. Brown, Marcellus Barley, M. L. Ruth, A. F. Jenks, F. B. Loring, and William Haywood. The remains were enclosed in a black cloth-covered casket, which was heaped with the choicest of flowers, the gifts of the President, Cabinet officers, and others in high official and social position.

The second service was held in the Church of the Covenant. Members of the family occupied seats on the right side of the main aisle in front of the pulpit, while opposite sat the President and members of the cabinet and their families. Behind the family [illegible] friends sat the representatives of the diplomatic corps [illegible] members of Congress. The [illegible] here were again conducted by [illegible] Dr. Hamlin and the [illegible] Walter Damrosch. After the services which were very simple and impressive the remains were taken to Oak Hill cemetery for interment in the lot purchased by Secretary Blaine Thursday.

The ushers at the church were personal friends of Mr. Blaine. The attendance was enormous and the expressions of sorrow were universal. It was noted that the press, to which Mr. Blaine has always been an especial friend, was largely represented. In consequence of the large attendance at the church many people of prominence were unable to obtain an entrance. One lady fainted, while several others were overcome by the heated air. The attendance at the funeral represented Congressmen from all parts of the country and the official representatives of nearly every civilized nation in the world. Gov. Roble of Maine and the Hon. J. H. Manley of Augusta, Me., came to attend the funeral.

WILL BLAINE RESIGN?

He Is Said To be Much Disheartened by His Son's Death.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The death of Walker Blaine has had a most depressing effect upon his father. The latter's health has not been good for some time, and he had come to rely greatly upon the assistance of his son, who relieved him in a large degree from the exacting duties of his office. The Secretary was very proud of the young man and ambitious for his future, and it is generally believed that grief at the latter's death, with the additional cares consequent upon it, and continued ill-health, may lead to the Secretary's withdrawal from the cabinet.

Death of Solicitor General Chapman.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Russian influenza has claimed another prominent victim here O. W. Chapman, Solicitor General of the United States, died Sunday morning. He was taken down with la grippe Tuesday and it soon changed to acute pneumonia. He was appointed to his present position last summer from Binghampton, N. Y. The funeral took place here Monday and the remains will be taken to Binghampton.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Batcheller, ex-Assistant Attorney-General Maury, Robert Blaine and Dr. E. A. Adams have also been sick with the same disease and are reported better.

Contested Elections.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Republican [illegible] of the committee on elections will report on three cases this week, the [illegible] district and the First and Fourth West Virginia districts. All three Democrats will probably be unseated, which would raise the Republican working majority to nine. There will be no report of the committee on rules until after these election cases shall have been decided.

Porter Has Clerks Enough.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Owing to the overwhelming rush of applicants for positions in the census bureau, Supt. Porter has been obliged to issue an order declining to see them. He has also issued a statement that all the clerks required up to June 1 next have already been appointed.

SHOT HIS WIFE AND SON

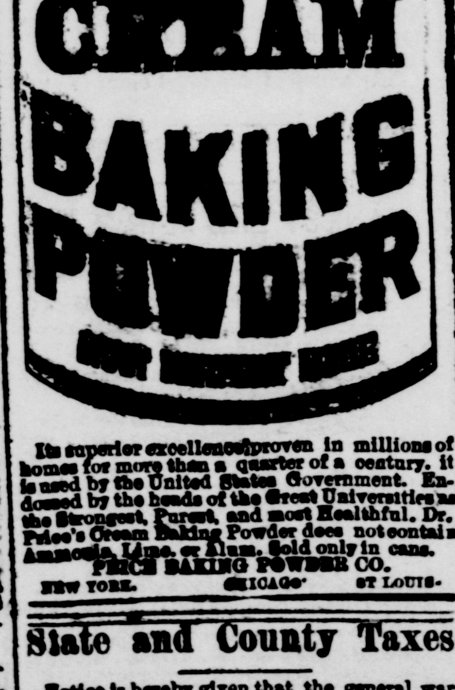
And Then Attempted Suicide by Cutting His Throat With a Jack-Knife.

ROME, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Late last night John Law, a dissolute character, aged 60, shot his wife in the head and attempted to [illegible] his son, aged 11, and finally cut his own throat. Law and his wife are English people and are the parents of seven children, some of whom are grown up and married. They quarreled in England and Law abused his wife, who about four years ago left him and came to this city, she having a brother living here. Last August Law came here and wanted to live with his wife. She refused to have anything to do with him. He has been stopping at a hotel since. Last night Mrs. Law left her house to do an errand, and on her return her husband met her at the gate. He asked to be allowed to go into the house. She refused, and told him to come on Sunday. He said that Sunday would not do, and at once drew a revolver and fired full in her face. As the woman fell he fired at her again, but without taking effect. He then fired two shots at his son, who was with his mother, but neither shot hit him. Law then ran into an out-house and cut his throat with a jack-knife. He was arrested and locked up. Both Law and his wife will probably recover.

FREDERICK CHASE NO MORE.

The Treasurer of Dartmouth College Falls a Victim to La Grippe.

HANOVER, N. H., Jan. 20.—Frederick Chase, judge of probate of Grafton county, New Hampshire, and treasurer of Dartmouth college, died to-day of "la grippe," aged 49, leaving a widow and five children and a helpless mother in straitened circumstances. Judge Chase was the son of Prof. Stephen Chase of Dartmouth college and was born in Hanover. After his graduation at Dartmouth in 1860 he taught school at Chattanooga, Tenn., and studied law with Daniel Blaisdell of Hanover. He was for several years a clerk in the Treasury Department at Washington and graduated from the Columbia college law school there in 1867. He was at the head of the law firm of Chase, Hartley & Coleman of New York and Washington until chosen treasurer of the Dartmouth college in 1873. The following year he was appointed judge of probate for Grafton county and had held both positions continually since. He always took an active interest in all local matters. He had for several years been collecting material for the history of the college and town. The first volume of this work is now in press.



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST LOUIS.

State and County Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that the general warrant for the collection of the state and county Taxes for the year 1889, is now in my hands and that I will receive said taxes at my office, in this city, until January 10th, 1890, after which I shall proceed to collect the same as the law directs.

M. MURPHY,
Treasurer of the City of Janesville.
Janesville, December 3, 1889.

THE MAGNET

Do you know that The Magnet is

The Great Bargain Store!

Of the city. Look at some of the Goods they handle.

GLASSWARE!

butter dishes, spoon holders, pickle jars sugar bowls, tumblers, goblets, salt cellars, casters, mugs tooth pick holders, spoon holders, fruit dishes, cake stands, bread plates, finger bowls, wine glasses, sauce dishes, sirup cups, pitchers, celery glasses and a great variety of goods at surprisingly low prices

Crockery and China!

Breakfast, dinner and tea plates, cups and saucers, soap plates, sauce dishes, gravy boats butter dishes, pickle dishes, covered dishes, platters, cake plates, butter plates, platters, pitchers, tea plates, bone dishes, sugar bowls, creamers, bowls, complete sets of china and a great variety of odd pieces.

TINWARE.

Wash basins, candle sticks, oil cans, dippers, cake cutters, funnels; graters, stew kettles, tea kettles, pails, cups dish pans, milk pans, stew pans, muffin pans, jelly tins, coffee and tea pots, pie plates, strainers, and many other useful articles at prices that defy competition.

House keeping supplies in endless variety and at prices that will surprise you.

School Supplies

Pencils, pen holders, pens, tablets, pass books slates, in fact everything that school children need. very cheap.

Handkerchiefs and Mufflers.

Great variety at reduced prices. Can please all classes of buyers.

RIBBONS - Largest stock in the city at lowest prices. - RIBBONS

HOSIERY.

Ladies' all wool hose at 27c; Childrens all wool hose 15c. Men's all wool hose 20 to 40c. Ladies' fast black and colored hose, 3 pair for 25c. Ladies' Lisle and extra Balbriggan for 25 cents.

CORSETS.

Loomer's Patent Steam Molded—the only corsets in the world that are steam molded. For 38, 63, 75, and 98c; former price 50, 85, $1, 00, and $1 25. Special for a few days.

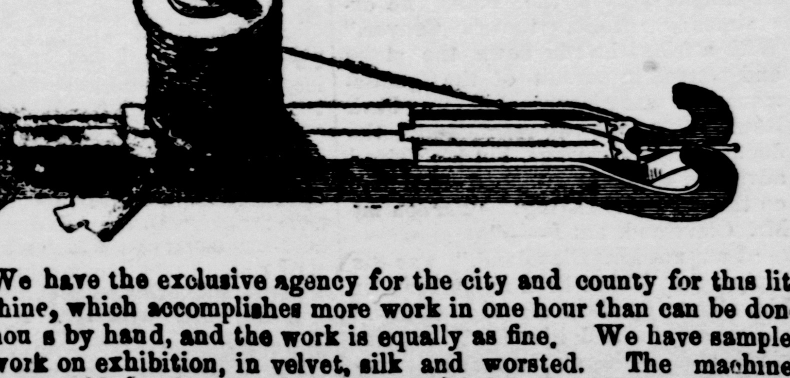
Ladies' Underwear. Fine Merino only 38c. Children's 20 cents up

Stationery. Fancy boxes for 21c. Special.

Perfumery. The largest stock in the city of choice perfumery at the lowest price

Toys and a great variety of other goods at a bargain

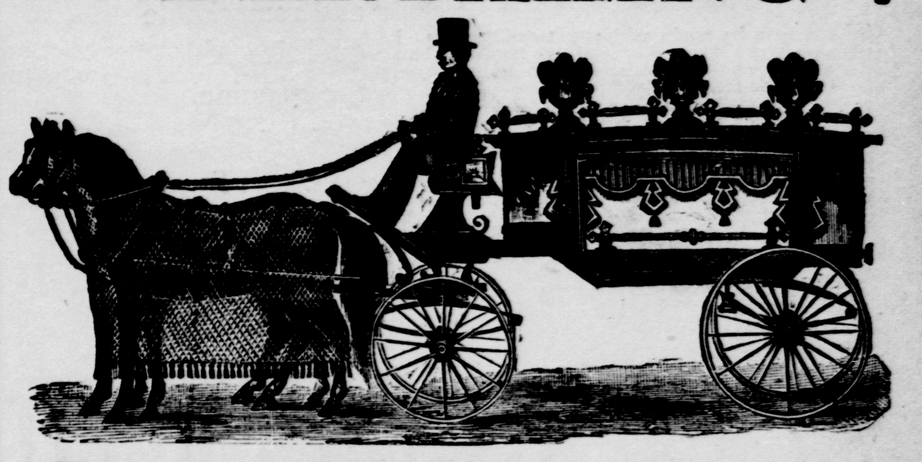
The Hand Embroiderer



We have the exclusive agency for the city and county for this little machine, which accomplishes more work in one hour than can be done in ten hours by hand, and the work is equally as fine. We have samples of the work on exhibition, in velvet, silk and worsted. The machines have always sold for $3.00. Our price is $1.00. Don't forget to call at

THE MAGNET.

UNDERTAKING!



We are fully prepared to attend to Embalming and Undertaking.

A Complete Stock of Caskets and Coffins

PRICES REASONABLE

A FIRST CLASS LIVERY IN CONNECTION WITH THE BUSINESS

Call and see us. We can save you money.

NELSON BROS.

Court Street, Janesville Wis. Telephone No. 50 Open all hours of the night.

Don't You Think a Christmas Present

OF A SELECTION FROM OUR LINE OF

"Red Cross Stoves and Ranges"

Would be about right; or should this be too much of a good thing, how would a pair of the **Celebrated Clauss Shears and Scissors.** "Every pair warranted", or a nice 4 Blade Pearl Handle Pocket Knife, for 5 cents, or a nice

PAIR OF SKATES or a HAND SLED

OR A NICE

Bed Room Suite or a Nice Lounge,

"At cost to close". A Nice line of Tea and Coffee Pots, and lots of other things too numerous to mention. Come and look at

—28— MAIN STREET **GRISWOLD & SANBORN,**

Repairs for Badger Stoves and Ranges

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 10, second floor in the Jackman Block, is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies!

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED AND - FIRE - TESTED;

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company,

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am,

Very Respectfully,

SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

UNDERTAKING!

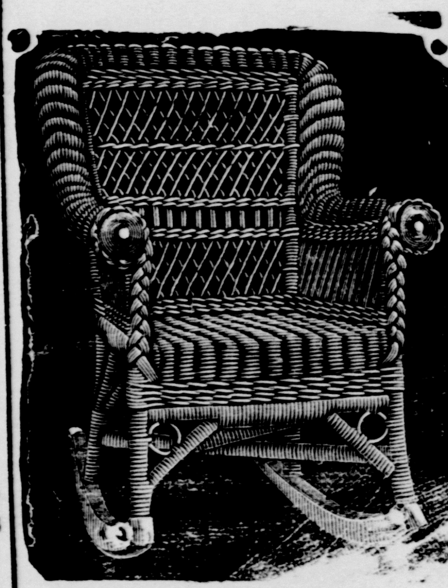
We have a complete line of

CASKETS, COFFINS AND ROBES

PRICES REASONABLE.

We Are Prepared to do Embalming.

NIGHT CALLS Promptly Attended to



FURNITURE.

Chamber Suites, Parlor Suites
Furniture of All Kinds
Kept in Stock.

PICTURE FRAMES

MADE TO ORDER.

MOSES BROS.

— 60 —

WEST MILWAUKEE ST.

Residence 53 Cherry St., 4th ward

J. L. FORD.

From now until March 10th is

Our Bargain Time.

If you want anything in the way of

FINE DRESS SUIT,
FINE DRESS VEST,
FINE DRESS PANT,
OR A NICE
BUSINESS SUIT,
BUSINESS PANT,
OR A

Nobby Overcoat

Be sure and give us a call, because

We do only First class work,
Keep only First class Goods,

AND WILL GIVE YOU

Rock Bottom Prices

This is also true of our

WINTER HOSIERY,
UNDERWEAR,
CAPS,
GLOVES, MITTENS.

Special Inducements to Close. Our line of

Neckwear!

is unsurpassed by any in the state and the prices are guaranteed to be "right." A large and clean stock of

Shirts, Collars and Cuffs

Constantly on hand. We are the first to receive new styles in those goods. Only place in the city get SILK HATS "IRONED." We guarantee good work. January styles in both

Soft and Stiff Hats

received this week. Call and see them. J. L. FORD.

Marble and Granite

Monuments

I keep in stock a number of fine

Tombstones

— AND —

Monuments !

Which can be bought at

A Better Bargain !

than can be made with any traveling man. I also have a large number of the latest and best designs, and can furnish monuments any style, or size desired.

Be sure and Get My Prices

before placing orders with traveling men, who figure low when in competition with home dealers, and charge two prices when they can make a sale, without the customer looking elsewhere.

F. A. BENNETT,

Corner Wall and Franklin Sts., Janesville, Wi

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the Ivory." They are not, but like all counterfeits, they lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for Ivory Soap and insist upon having it. 'Tis sold everywhere.

WARM WEATHER DID IT !

OVERSTOCKED.

$10,000 Surplus Stock

OF MEN'S BOYS' AND CHILDRENS

Suits, Overcoats, and Underwear

To be closed out at manufacturers' cost and below

FOR - THE - NEXT - THIRTY - DAYS.

I have this day placed on separate tables in my store the above amount of surplus stock, which I propose to close

REGARDLESS OF COST !

This is not old trash, but simply

AN OVERSTOCK OF NEW GOODS !

All manufactured expressly for me this season by such manufacturers as Henry W. King & Co., the largest manufacturers of Fine Clothing in the world.

This Is Your Chance

To buy good, straight goods at less than value. Call early and secure the best bargains, as this sale will positively not last onger than 30 days.

T. J. ZEIGLER,

Smith's Block - - - The Square Dealer in Clothing.

THE BACKWARD SEASON,

Has left us with a larger stock, than we ought to have, and as we are positively

Going Out of Business.

We shall for the next few days offer the balance of our stock at

Almost Any Price to Close Them Out.

We have an extra good assortment in fine quality

Clothing and Overcoats !

And you can now buy a good Cassimere, or Worsted Suit or Overcoat for yourself or children for a less price than others ask you for a shoddy printed Satinet. There is no use talking,

WE HAVE TO SELL THE GOODS!

as on February 1st we dissolve the firm, and all goods remaining then will be sold at Public Sale to dealers !

Our Stock of Dry Goods

Is still complete and buyers can find some extraordinary bargains for the next three weeks. No matter what you need, whether in

DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, BLANKETS, SHAWLS, KNIT Goods, FLANNELS,

or Clothing for yourself and boys, call at the old reliable Chicago Bargain Store and buy at your own prices. The Chicago Bargain Store never advertises impossibilities, or tries to make you believe black is white as has been the rule among certain clothing dealers this fall, but shall endeavor to keep up our reputation of a fair and square dealing concern as long as we continue in business in Janesville, and until we close our doors; we ask you to come in and buy the greatest bargains in Dry Goods or Clothing ever offered in Janesville.

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE.

SPECIAL SALE. Ice wool, Three balls for 10 cents. Twenty-five fine Cloaks worth $25.00 at $5.00 each. 1¼ square oil cloth for 48c.

THE CASUALTY RECORD.

COLLISION IN THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

A Steamer and Barge Come Together—Four Sailors Drowned—High School Burned—Various Mishaps.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Jan. 20.—The steamboat Katie Robbins of the Yazoo & Tallahatchie transportation company, bound for Yazoo and Tallahatchie rivers, collided last night at 12:30 o'clock with a barge towed by the steamer Josie Harkins, from Sunflower river for Vicksburg. The barge capsized and sunk, dumping her load, 3,000 sacks of seed and thirty bales of cotton, into the river. The Robbins' hull was crushed in on the starboard side, just forward of her furnace doors, and she sunk to her hurricane deck in less than three minutes. Four of her deck crew are missing and are undoubtedly lost. Clerk Phipps had a narrow escape and was only saved through the night watchman's gallantry, who went down a gangway and pulled him on to the hurricane roof.

Three ladies and several gentlemen passengers were aroused from sleep when the boat struck and got out without difficulty, but lost their baggage. The boat's books and papers were lost, but Clerk Phipps saved the money in the safe. The officers and crew saved their clothing only. The collision occurred three miles above Haynes Bluff and thirty-five miles above Vicksburg. The Harkins is uninjured. The Robbins is evidently a total loss. She is insured for $6,000 and valued at $10,000.

HAD NARROW ESCAPES.

Families in South Chicago Compelled to Flee for Their Lives.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Several families living in the upper stories of two buildings on Ninety-second street, near Commercial avenue, in South Chicago, had a narrow escape from death by fire about 3 o'clock Saturday morning. They got out safely, as it was, though most of their goods were burned up.

One of the structures was a brick three-story building, recently erected, and occupied on the first floor by August Schnell's butcher shop and on the upper floors by families. The fire started in the sausage rooms in the basement and spread rapidly through the building. Altogether, the loss on this building was about $6,000 or $7,000. The flames spread to Barr's hardware store in a frame building next door and totally destroyed it. A number of barns in the neighborhood were also licked up by the conflagration, though fortunately no live stock perished. It is probable that the total loss will be about $15,000. The insurance was very light.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

A Chicago Freight-House Boiler Explosion.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Another fatal boiler explosion occurred Saturday, this time in the old Wisconsin Central depot freight-house at Polk street and Fifth avenue. About 3 o'clock Saturday morning George W. Wiley, the night watchman, entered the engine room and started a fire under the boiler. For some reason the boiler exploded. Pieces of steel and copper flew in every direction, and some of them struck Wiley, cutting off, almost cleanly, the top of his head and crushing his legs and arms. Death must have been instantaneous. James Stuart, the night operator of the Kansas City road, says he heard the explosion, but did not investigate. The accident was not discovered till 6 o'clock Saturday morning, when the day watchman went to work. Wiley was a man about 38 years of age and unmarried. He is supposed to live at 692 Washburn avenue.

Costly High School Burned.

COLDWATER, Mich., Jan. 20.—Fire was discovered in the Central school building here at 11 o'clock Sunday night. The flames spread with great rapidity and in a short time the building was entirely consumed, although every possible effort was made to save it. The origin of the fire is unknown. The building destroyed was the finest school structure in this city and was only recently erected at a cost of $40,000, a portion of which loss is covered by insurance.

An Illinois Farmer Killed by a Train.

HARRISBURG, Ill., Jan. 20.—George W. Pankey, a farmer about 50 years old, who lived two miles south of this town, was found dying near the city limits this morning and died soon afterward. A coroner's verdict found that he was struck by a north-bound freight train on the Cairo, Vincennes & Chicago railway.

Sundry Mishaps.

FIFTEEN thousand barrels of oil were burned at New York City by the explosion of a tank.

HARRY PEARCE of Louisville, a brakeman on the Louisville, St. Louis & Texas railroad, was thrown under the wheels at Gustin, Ky., and killed.

THE "PARSON" ARRIVES.

He Will Try to Square Matters With the Redoubtable Mr. Sullivan.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—"Parson" Davies, manager of Peter Jackson, arrived from Europe Sunday, accompanied by Samuel Dawson, of St. Paul, Minn. A large number of sporting men met them. Jackson will arrive next Friday, and will be given a reception Saturday night at the Metropolitan opera-house. During the week Davies will try to arrive at an understanding with Sullivan for a fight with Jackson.

Farmers Arrested for Lynching.

GAINESVILLE, Texas, Jan. 20.—Deputy Marshal Wilson and posse arrested last night in the Chickasaw Nation seven farmers, charged with lynching J. L. Keys six weeks ago. Keys was called from his house during the night and upon going to the gate was taken a short distance, when he was hanged to the limb of a tree. The cause for the tragedy has never been known, as Keys was regarded as a peaceable and law-abiding citizen. Three women, wives of some of the men charged with the lynching, were also arrested as accessories to the crime.

A Chicago Gas Man Dead.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Theobold Forstall, until a week ago president of the Chicago Gaslight & Coke company, died last evening at 9 o'clock at his home in this city, of influenza complicated with other diseases.

MR. CLEVELAND'S DOUBLE.

A New Yorker Who Possesses That Gentleman's Appearance.

A stout gentleman walking quietly up Park Row the other day, says the New York Star, attracted considerable attention. Boys turned around to look at him, and men nudged each other and whispered "Grover Cleveland." Deputy Coroner Jenkins was standing at the window of the coroner's office when he passed, and, as soon as he caught sight of the man, he exclaimed: "Hello, there's Grover." With a friend he ran down the stairs and started in pursuit of the gentleman, who was disappearing up Park Row. When the two reached him the doctor lost his courage, but his friend advanced boldly and tapped the man on the shoulder, saying: "Pardon me Mr. Cleveland, but I——"

"I am not Mr. Cleveland," was the reply "but I have been mistaken for him about fifty times already to-day."

Dr. Jenkins and his friend apologized, and withdrew somewhat discomfited.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

GOVERNOR FIFER, of Illinois is prostrated with influenza.

BOSTON people think that Dr. Lorimer, of Chicago, will return there next spring.

AN English company has purchased the fuel factory and patents of same at Mahanoy City, Pa.

GEN. M. C. VALLEJO died at Sonoma, Cal., aged 81 years. He was the oldest native of the State.

MR. POWDERLY was served at Scranton, Pa., with Callaghan's warrant and was then released on bail.

ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN has sailed on his journey to Rome to consult with the Pope about American church matters.

JUDGE HICKS, of Minneapolis has decided there was no redress in Minnesota for those losing money in the bucket shops.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Catholics denounce Indian Commissioner Morgan, charging him with unfairness to Catholics in his treatment of the Indian question.

THE Baltimore Evening Saturday intimates that Robert Garrett, ex-president of the Baltimore & Ohio railway company, is the prisoner of designing people.

CHARGES of gross improprieties have been brought by three women against Rev. Dr. Rylance, pastor of St. Mark's Episcopal church in New York. He denies the allegations.

THE father of young Navarro denies that he has congratulated his son upon being engaged to Mary Anderson, but says he would be proud to have her for a daughter-in-law.

RICH churchmen of New York city propose to erect a magnificent cathedral for the Protestant Episcopal church of the New York diocese, to be called the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Criminal Notes.

AT Louisville, Ky., "Razor" Smith, a negro, shot and killed Henry Owsley, also colored.

JOHN EVANS alias "David Williams," a convict in the western penitentiary at Pittsburg, committed suicide.

JOHN KINNEY, a packing-house employe of Kansas City, Kan., stabbed Thomas Carey, a saloon man, in the hip and was shot dead by Carey.

ARTHUR BLAKE has been indicted at Kinsley, Kan., for attempting to blackmail Arthur Gorman, the millionaire, and sent to jail in default of $4,500.

A. H. BUTLER, a grandson of the late ex-Gov. Thomas O. Moore, of Louisiana, killed B. M. Hayes, his brother-in-law, at their home near Moreland Station, La.

BARON SCHELIHA, who married last May Miss Frances Bayliss, of Chicago, has been held in New York city on a charge of obtaining board and money from a landlady under false pretenses.

MRS. HIRSHFIELD, wife of the president of the Montana National Bank of Helena, attacked Assay Superintendent Braden with whip and pistol Saturday for alleged annoying attentions to a female relative.

THERE is a sensation in the Irish National League growing out of a rumored movement for a secret auditing of the accounts of Treasurer O'Reilly, it being a violation of the constitution of the order. A leakage of cash is intimated.

J. MCNULTY and H. Edwards, two of the six prisoners who escaped from the county jail in San Francisco last Sunday morning, have been recaptured near Pleasanter, Cal. McNulty is a convicted murderer. Three of the prisoners in all have been recaptured.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—GRAINS — Active. WHEAT—Lower, the decline reaching ¼@¾c. No. 2 regular January 76@76¼c, closing at 76¼c; May 80¾@81c, closing at 81c; July 78¾@79¼c, closing at 79¼c. CORN—Steady; unchanged. No. 2 January 28¾@28¾c, May 31¼@31½c; July 32¼@32¾c. OATS—Firm. No. 2 January 20¼c, May 22c. BARLEY—By sample: No. 4 25@30c; No. 3. 38@48c. RYE—By sample: No. 2, 45¼c; No. 3. 39@41¼c.

PROVISIONS—Active and irregular. PORK—January $9.47½@9.60. February $9.50@9.67½; May $9.60@10.00. LARD—January $5.82½; February $5.87½@5.90, May $6.07½@6.10. RIBS—January $4.70. February $4.72½@4.75, May $4.92½@5.00.

SEEDS—Quiet; by sample: No. 1 flax 3 cars at $1.35; Timothy, 200 bags at $1.20, 56 bags at $1.24, 37 bags at $1.15, 10 bags at 90c. Clover, 7 bags at $2.35, 7 bags at $3.40, 101 bags at $3.30, 21 bags at $3.10, 103 bags at $3.42½, 30 bags at $3.50, 117 bags at $3.25.

LIVE STOCK—At the stock yards business ruled slow in the cattle trade, with prices the lowest for any day during the week; receipts 2,000. There was a brisk demand for hogs, with an up-turn of about a nickel on prime to fancy heavy, which sold up to $3.77½ and $3.87½. Packers paid $3.75@3.85 and shippers $3.80 to $3.87½. Light sorts sold at $3.75 to $3.72½. Receipts of sheep 5,000; all sold, the market closing as strong as for any day this week. The run of stock for the week has been heavy, and includes 72,697 cattle, 173,189 hogs and 40,788 sheep. For the last two weeks Chicago has received the unprecedented number of 142,563 cattle.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—In the stock market this morning the trutts were again the principal features, while the usual dullness marked the trading in the regular list. A firm tone marked the early dealings, with small advances. The trusts, and especially the cotton bill receipts, developed the most pronounced weakness. The movement extended to the regular list, most stocks declining to below first figures. A better feeling existed toward 11 o'clock and at that time the market was dull and stagnant, but generally at the lowest prices.

Money is easy at 4@5 per cent. Bar silver, 95⅞.

New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—WHEAT—Easier; quiet; March 87 11-16c; April 88 1-16@88¼c; May 88 3-1s@88 5-16c; July 87¼c, August 86¼@86¾c. RYE—Firm; State 57@60c; Western 57@60c. BARLEY—Quiet; Western, 45@60c. CORN—Easier; moderately active; Mixed Western, 27@41c. OATS—Dull; steady; Western, 26½@34c. PROVISIONS —BEEF—Quiet; firm; Plate, $7.75@8.00; Extra Mess, $7.00. PORK—Firm and quiet; New Mess $10.50@11.00; Old Mess, $9.75@10.25; Extra Prime $9.25@9.75. LARD—Quiet and unchanged; steam-rendered, $5.92½.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 18.—PORK—Holders offer moderately; Prime Mess Eastern 54s 6d dull; do Western 45s dull. LARD—Holders offer moderately; spot and January 32s, dull; February and March 32s 3d, dull. WHEAT—Holders offer sparingly; New No. 2 Winter 7s, firm; do Spring, 7s, 5d, firm. FLOUR—Holders offer moderately, 10s 3d, steady. CORN—Holders offer moderately, the quotations being for new crop; spot 4s 1d, firm; January 4s, ½d, steady; February, 3s 10½d, steady, March 3s 10d, firm.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, Jan. 18.—WHEAT—Quiet and steady; cash and January, 81c; May, 85⅝c, July 80c, August 79c. CORN—Firm; cash, 30¼c; May 32¾c asked. OATS—Steady; cash 22¼c; May 24c. CLOVER SEED—Quiet; cash, January and February $3.50 asked; March $3.55.

WILL BE FOUND AN EXCELLENT REMEDY for sick headache, Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them, prove this fact. Try them.

Waked Up Effectually.

A lethargic, dormant condition of the liver is hardly to be overcome with drastic cathartics and nauseous cholagogues. A gentler, pleasanter and far more effective means exists of arousing the organ when somnolent. This is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, vouched for by the public for many years. A resumption by the biliary organ of its secretive function, with the activity attendant upon health, a return to regularity of the bowels, and a renewal of digestion, are the no less happy and certain results of using the Bitters systematically. Its laxative effects is never painful and drenching, its tendency being rather to perpetuate regularity than to produce a copious action. Malaria, nervousness, debility, kidney troubles and neuralgia it subdues effectually.

Pear's soap is the pure and best soap ever made.

THE DUKE OF AOSTA DEAD

KING HUMBERT'S BROTHER EXPIRES IN HIS ARMS.

A Blackmailing Scheme Charged—Spain Still Without a Cabinet—News From Across the Sea.

ROME, Jan. 20.—King Humbert's telegram to Premier Crispi announcing the death of his "dearly loved brother," the Duke of Aosta, says that the Duke devoted his last words to the country and army, saying he had loved them with the strongest love, and regretted dying so early only because it would prevent him serving them. On the arrival of King Humbert at his brother's bedside yesterday the Duke said: "You see, Humbert, I allowed myself to be tortured with remedies in order to be kept alive to die in your arms."

Premier Crispi has started for Turin. The Queen and her son will go to-day. The funeral will take place on Wednesday, and at the desire of the deceased will be a simple coremony. The army will mourn forty-five days. The municipal authorities will place a bust of the deceased in the capital.

The Duke remained conscious to the last, encouraging his wife and sons, whom he recommended to the care of King Humbert. By the Duke's own wish the body will not be embalmed, there will be no lying in State, and the remains will be placed in the family tomb at Superga. If there had been a state funeral the German Emperor would have been present.

BLACKMAIL CHARGED.

How Noblemen Became Connected With the London Scandal.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—According to a London special to the World a new complexion has been put upon the Cleveland street affair, and considerable excitement is created here by the exposure.

Hammond, the fugitive landlord, it is now claimed, was only the head of a vast blackmailing organization created upon the same lines as that in Garboriau's "Clique of Gold." The scheme was to inveigle well-known men into the house upon any plausible excuse, and while there bring them into the presence of accomplices, who afterward posed as witnesses. The names of these prominent men were entered in a volume, and this volume is now in the hands of the police. The men thus entrapped and confronted with a statement as to the character of the house and the knowledge of subpœnaed witnesses permitted themselves to be regularly blackmailed rather than take the risk of public scandal, however false. These facts are now credited by the police, and are being rapidly verified. It is reported that Saul, the witness against Euston, is to be arrested. The penalty for his offense is twenty years' imprisonment.

Portuguese Still Protesting.

LISBON, Jan. 20.—Protests against the action of Great Britain in the African matter are displayed on tables in the public squares, and are being very numerously signed. The meeting called for to-day in Camoens square to condemn the course of the government was a fiasco. The government organs deny that any changes in the cabinet are pending.

Spain Without a Ministry.

MADRID, Jan. 20.—Senor Martinez, who was summoned by the Queen regent to form a cabinet, has been unable to accomplish the task. Sagasta and the majority of the Liberals declined to support Martinez' proposed protection policy. Queen Christina recalled Sagasta, who has undertaken to form a cabinet.

More Rioting at Oporto.

LISBON, Jan. 20.—News from Oporto last night is that rioting occurred during the day and continued last night. Patriotic songs are being sung by groups of people in various portions of the city. Portuguese officers have been sent to Copenhagen to buy torpedoes and other war materials for the government.

Belgian Troops to Quell Riot.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 20.—The infantry has been confined to the barracks to-day, in readiness for any emergency in connection with the labor troubles. A squadron of cavalry has gone to Charleroi, where the miners are arming themselves with axes and other implements and assuming a threatening attitude.

Emin Pasha Partially Paralyzed.

ZANZIBAR, Jan. 20.—An abscess has appeared on the exterior of Emin Pasha's skull, and partial paralysis of the tongue has intervened.

Foreign Notes.

M. MIBEL, a Republican, has been elected a French Senator from Manchez.

THE reports of the intended abdication of the Emperor or Austria are officially denied.

A SARDINE trust is being formed in London and the price of sardines has already advanced.

VIOLENT gales have caused great damage to property in various parts of England recently.

LIEUT. RUST, a member of the Peters expedition, has arrived at Berlin. He appears to be convinced that Dr. Peters is dead.

A ZANZIBAR dispatch says that, in disregard of the emancipation decree, the Arabs are enlisting hundreds of slaves for the Congo with the Sultan's consent.

Gets $12,000 for a Heart Balm.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Miss Caroline J. Cammerer, the Philadelphia music teacher who sued Clemens Muller of this city for $100,000 for breach of promise of marriage, has obtaiecd a verdict for $12,000. Judge Ingraham of the Supreme court opened court to receive the verdict. Robert G. Ingersoll, counsel for the defendant, says an appeal will be taken.

La Grippe Proves Fatal in One Hour.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 20.—Mrs. Louisa Belding, while at work in her house at Norwalk to-day, was taken with la grippe and died in less than an hour.

THOMAS A. GREEN, a baggagemaster on a train running between Louisville and Lexington, Ky., was acquitted at Louisville of the charge of receiving stolen goods. It was alleged that Thomas White, an express messenger, stole a diamond and gave it to Green to take care of it. The jewel was found in Green's possession, but he said he did not know it had been stolen.

Pear's soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

Pears' soap secures a beautiful complexion.

JANESVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY FRANK GRAY.

JANESVILLE, Jan. 15, 18 0.

FLOUR—Best Patent $1 35 per sack; second, $1 15 Winter, $1 25

WHEAT—Good to best milling 65c@75c shipping grades 55c@63c

RYE—In good request at 40@42c per 60 lbs

BARLEY—Good to choice heavy 25@30; common to fair quality 20@25c.

BUCKWHEAT—31c@35c, per 52 lbs

CORN—Old, shelled per 60 lbs. 27@30c; ear, 28@30c 75 lbs. new, per 75 lbs, 23@25c.

OATS—White, 19@20c. Mixed, 18@19c

GROUND FEED—75c per 100 lbs

MEAL—75c per 100 lbs. Bolted $1 20

BRAN—50c per 100 lbs. $10 00 per ton

MIDDLINGS—80c per 100 $10 00 per ton

HAY—Timothy per ton 6 00@7 00; other kind 4 50@5 50

CLOVER SEED—$2.75@3.20 per bushel

TIMOTHY SEED—90@$1.10 per 46 lbs

POTATOES—New 25@30c per bushel.

BUTTER—Good supply at 15@17c.

EGGS— Fair supply at 16@18c per dozen.

POULTRY—Turkeys 10c@11c; chickens 7@9c.

WOOL—Washed 26@30c, unwashed 17@22c

HIDES—Green 5c@4c Dry 7@8c

PELTS—Range at 40c @$1 25 each

LIVE STOCK—Hogs $3 20@$3 50 per 100 attle $2 00@3

Why continue the use of irritating powders, snuffs or liquids. Ely's Cream Balm, pleasant of application and a sure cure for catarrh and cold in the head, can be had for 50 cents. It is easily applied into the nostrils, is safe and pleasant, and is curing the most obstinate cases. It gives relief at once.

The proprietors of Ely's Cream Balm do not claim it to be a cure-all, but a sure remedy for catarrh, colds in the head and fever. It is not a liquid or a snuff, but is easily applied to the nostrils. It gives relief.

IF YOU ONCE TRY CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable; small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

BUILDING.

We have just completed the organization of a

Construction Co

And are prepared to

FURNISH PLANS AND ESTIMATES

On all kinds of buildings. If you have a lot and want a house we are prepared to build it on long time if desired.

All Kinds of Job Work

done with neatness and despatch.

ON SHORT NOTICE.

Office, 57 North Franklin Street.

JANESVILLE CONSTRUCTION CO.

Unprecedented Attraction!

OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

ITS MAMMOTH DRAWINGS (take place Semi-Annually, (June and December,) and its Grand Single Number Drawings take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS For Integrity of its Drawings, and Prompt Payment of Prizes,

Attested as follows:

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the monthly and semi-annual drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties and we authorize the Company to use this certificate with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

We, the undersigned Banks and Bankers, will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bk.
PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bank.
A. BALDWIN Pres New Orleans Nat'l Bk.
CARL KOHN, Pres Union Nat'l Bank.

Grand Monthly Drawing

At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, February 11th, 1890.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $300,000

100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars Each. Halves $10; Quarters $5; Tenths $2; Twentieths $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE OF	$300,000 is	$300,000
1 PRIZE OF	100,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF	50,000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF	25,000 is	25,000
2 PRIZES OF	10,000 are	20,000
5 PRIZES OF	5,000 are	25,000
25 PRIZES OF	1,000 are	25,000
100 PRIZES OF	500 are	50,000
200 PRIZES OF	300 are	60,000
500 PRIZES OF	200 are	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of $500 are	$50,000
100 Prizes of 300 are	30,000
100 Prizes of 200 are	20,000

TERMINAL PRIZES.

999 Prizes of $100 are	99,900
999 Prizes of 100 are	99,900
3,134 Prizes amounting to	$1,054,800

NOTE—Tickets drawing Capital Prizes are not entitled to terminal prizes

AGENTS WANTED.

For Club Rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with state, county street and number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

IMPORTANT.

Address M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans La.

or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

By ordinary letter, containing MONEY ORDER issued by all Express Companies, New York Exchange, Draft or Postal Note.

Address registered Letters containing Currency to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

"REMEMBER that the payment of prizes is GUARANTEED by FOUR NATIONAL BANKS, of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of all imitations or anonymous schemes.

ONE DOLLAR is the price of the smallest part or fraction of a ticket ISSUED BY US in any Drawing. Anything in our name offered for less than a dollar is a swindle.

CATARRH

Ely's CREAM BALM

Clears the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sore, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

HAY-FEVER Try the Cure

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

ARE YOU THINKING

— OF —

A SUIT OF CLOTHES !

— OR AN —

OVERCOAT ?

If you are, we want your attention and present a few facts worth remembering. After all the "school boy" slander you have read, a little COMMON SENSE will be refreshing. We are in the Clothing business to stay; all our goods were bought in open market for spot cash, consequently we are enabled to

NAME THE VERY LOWEST PRICE !

95 per cent. of our stock is new for this fall and winter's trade—a larger proportion than any other house by 50 per cent.

DO NOT FORGET !

WE will NOT BE UNDERSOLD,

and the extravagant claims made by some Clothing houses will not bear the light of day. They never have or cannot duplicate our prices. Our trade has doubled since coming among you and we are surely "getting there". In suits, Overcoats and Furnishings

Our Selections are not Surpassed

by any stock. All goods of reliable makes. Inspection of our stock and prices will convince you. All are cordially invited to look our line over. Holiday novelties now in order.

FRANK H. BAACK & CO.

22 West Milwaukee Street.

A RELIABLE PLACE.

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS.

METCALF & CROFT,

Successors to Mark Ripley.

24 Of the Oldest and Most Trustworthy Insurance Co's

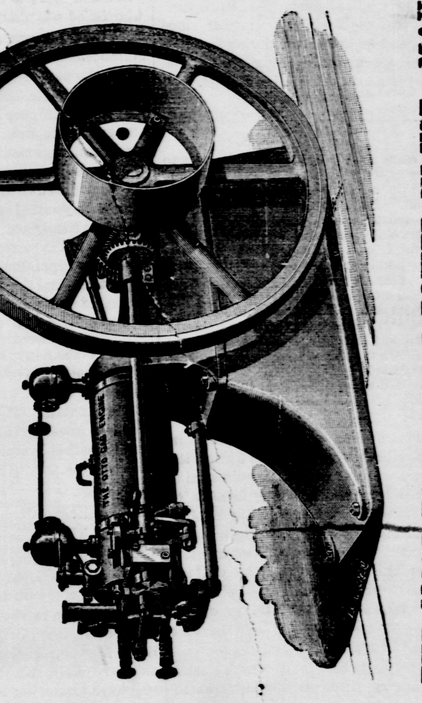
In the world represented at this agency. The Oldest in the city.

Policies Written at the Lowest Possible Rates.

Over No. 16, West Milwaukee Street.

J. C. METCALF. - - - - - T. T. CROFT.

OLD GAS ENGINE



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RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

Chicago & Northwestern.

DEPART.

For Chicago*	6:25 A M
For Chicago	7:00 A M
For Chicago	12:20 P M
For Beloit and Caledonia	6:2..
For Beloit and Rockford	7:20 P
For Chicago, Beloit and Rockford*	2:30 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay	1:20 P M
For Milwaukee and Waukesha	1:20 P M
For Watertown, Oshkosh and Green Bay	8:35 P M
For Madison and St Paul (new line)	8:45 P M
For Evansville, Madison and St. Paul and Winona (new line)*	:00 A M
For Madison, Winona & Dakota points	1:30 A M
For Chicago, Clinton and Sharon (dining car) breakfast*	6:15 A M
For Beloit, Belvidere, DeKalb, Omaha, Rockford and Freeport	11:59 A M
For Beloit	8:40 A M
For Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north	6:15 A M

ARRIVE.

From Beloit and Rockford	8:40 A M
From Beloit and Caledonia	9:40 P M
From Chicago*	8:40 P M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown	11:58 A M
From Green Bay, Oshkosh and Watertown	6:05 A M
From Chicago	8:35 P M
From Madison and Winona	3:15 P M
From Madison and St Paul*	6 15 A M
From Madison, Evansville and St. Paul and Winona (new line)*	8:35 A M
From Beloit and Chicago	1.15 P M
From Chicago, Sharon and Clinton	2:00 A M
From Beloit, Rockford, Belvidere and DeKalb	7:20 P M
From Watertown, Fond du Lac and points north	9:40 P M
From Milwaukee and Waukesha	9:25 P M

*Daily.
†Daily except Monday.
All other trains daily excep Sunday.

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Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For Milton (mixed)	6:00 P M
For Mineral Point	9:30 A M
For Milwaukee, Connects at Milwaukee for Chicago	4:40 P M
For Milwaukee and Chicago	9:45 A M / 12:05 P M
For Madison and Portage	9:20 A M
For Madison Prairie du Chien and West	4:45 P M
For Chicago Beloit, Rockford and Rock Island	9:40 A M
For Council Bluffs, and also for Racine and points east of Beloit	1:08 P M
For Beloit and Rockford	5:50 P M
For Monroe Mineral Point, Platteville and Shullsburg	9:30 A M
For Platteville and Shullsburg (mail)	5:30 P M
For Monroe and Mineral Point (freight and passenger)	8:00 A
For Beloit—mixed	9:10 P M

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From Milwaukee	9:20 A M
From Milwaukee and Chicago	5:30 P M / 8:10 P M
From St. Paul, Madison and Portage	9:25 A M / 1:08 P M
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit.	3:00 P M
From Rock Island, St. Louis & West	9:20 A M
From Chicago, Council Bluffs and Southwest	5:10 P M
From Platteville, Mineral Point, Darlington and Monroe	9:25 A M
From Mineral Point & Monroe	4:40 P M
From Monroe (freight and passenger)	8:10 P M

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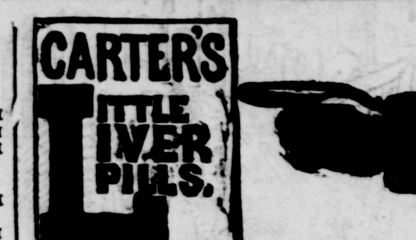

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SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
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BINDERY

State and County Taxes

Notice is hereby given that the general warrant for the collection of the state and county Taxes for the year 1889, is now in my hands and that I will receive said taxes at my office, in this city, until January 10th, 1890, after which I shall proceed to collect the same as the law directs.
M. MURPHY,
Treasurer of the City of Janesville.
Janesville, December 1, 1889.

THE GAZETTE.
PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY OF JANESVILLE WIS., TERMS: DAILY $6 00 PER YEAR, PAYABLE MONTHLY. WEEKLY $1.50 PER YEAR CASH IN ADVANCE.
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DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

THE GREAT PREACHER SPEAKS IN LONDON.

The Liberation of Paul and Silas by an Earthquake Furnishes the Theme of a Sermon on the Salvation of the Human Soul.

London, Jan. 20.—The Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D., of Brooklyn preached in this city Sunday, taking for his text Acts, xvi., 31: "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved." He said:

Jails are dark, dull, damp, loathsome places even now; but they were worse in the apostolic times. I imagine to-day we are standing in the Philippian dungeon. Do you not feel the chill? Do you not hear the groan of those incarcerated ones who for ten years have not seen the sunlight, and the deep sigh of women who remember their father's house, and mourn over their wasted estates? Listen again. It is the cough of a consumptive, or the struggle of one in a nightmare of a great horror. You listen again, and hear a culprit, his chains rattling as he rolls over in his dreams, and you say: "God pity the prisoner." But there is another sound in that prison. It is a song of joy and gladness. What a place to sing in! The music comes winding through the corridors of the prison, and in all the dark wards the whisper is heard: "What's that? What's that?" It is the song of Paul and Silas. They cannot sleep. They have been whipped, very badly whipped. The long gashes on their backs are bleeding yet. They lie flat on the cold ground, their feet fast in wooden sockets, and of course they cannot sleep. But they can sing. Jailer, what are you doing with these people? Why have they been put in here? Oh, they have been trying to make the world better. Is that all? That is all. A pit for Joseph. A lion's cave for Daniel. A blazing furnace for Shadrach. Clubs for John Wesley. An anathema for Philip Melancthon. A dungeon for Paul and Silas. But while we are standing in the gloom of that Philippian dungeon, and we hear the mingling voices of sob, and groan, and blasphemy, and hallelujah, suddenly an earthquake! The iron bars of the prison twist, the pillars crack off, the solid masonry begins to heave and rock till all the doors swing open, and the walls fall with a terrific crash. The jailer, feeling himself responsible for these prisoners and feeling suicide to be honorable—since Brutus killed himself and Cato killed himself and Cassius killed himself—puts his sword to his own heart, proposing with one strong, keen thrust to put an end to his excitement and agitation. But Paul cries out: "Stop! stop! Do thyself no harm. We are all here." Then I see the jailer running through the dust and amid the ruin of that prison, and I see him throwing himself down at the feet of these prisoners, crying out: "What shall I do? What shall I do?" Did Paul answer: "Get out of this place before there is another earthquake; put handcuffs and hopples on these other prisoners, lest they get away? No word of that kind. Compact, thrilling, tremendous answer; answer memorable all through earth and heaven: "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved."

Well, we have all read of the earthquake in Lisbon, in Lima, in Aleppo, and in caraccas; but we live in a latitude where in all our memory there has not been one severe volcanic disturbance, and yet we have seen fifty earthquakes. Here is a man who has been building up a large fortune. His bid on the money market was felt in all the cities. He thinks he has got beyond all annoying rivalries in trade, and he says to himself: "Now I am free and safe from all possible pertubation." But a national panic strikes the foundations of the commercial world, and crash! goes all that magnificent business establishment. He is a man who has built up a very beautiful home. His daughters have just come home from the seminary with diplomas of graduation. His sons have started in life, honest, temperate and pure. When the evening lights are struck, there is a happy and an unbroken family circle. But there has been an accident down at the beach. The young man ventured too far out in the surf. The telegraph hurled the terror up to the city. An earthquake struck under the foundations of that beautiful home. The piano closed; the curtains dropped; the laughter hushed. Crash! go all those domestic hopes, and prospects, and expectations. So, my friends, we have all felt the shaking down of some great trouble, and there was a time when we were as much excited as this man of the text, and we cried out as he did: "What shall I do? What shall I do?" The same reply that the apostle made to him is appropriate to us: "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved." There are some documents of so little importance that you do not care to put any more than your last name under them, or even your initials; but there are some documents of so great importance that you write out your full name. So the Saviour in some parts of the Bible is called "Lord," and in other parts of the Bible He is called "Jesus," and in other parts of the Bible He is called "Christ," but that there might be no mistake about this passage, all three names come in together—"the Lord Jesus Christ." Now, who is this Being that you want me to trust in and believe in? You tell me that the contemporary writers describe Him, and give the color of His eyes, and the color of His hair, and they describe His whole appearance as being resplendent. Christ did not ask John to put his head down on His bosom; John could not help but put his head there. Such eyes, such cheeks, such a chin, such hair, such physical condition and appearance—why, it must have been completely captivating and winsome. I suppose a look at Him was just to love Him. O! there was something so pleasant, so inviting, so cheering in everything. He did, in His very look. When these sick ones were brought out did He say: "Take away these sores; do not trouble me with these leprosies?" No, no; there was a kind look, there was a gentle word, there was a healing touch. They could not keep away from Him.

In addition to this softness of character, there was a fiery momentum. But it was not effeminacy, or insipidity of character; was accompanied with majesty, infinite and omnipotent. Lest the world should not realize His earnestness, this Christ mounts the cross. The world must hear the hammers on the heads of the spikes. The world must listen to the death rattle of the sufferer. The world must feel His warm blood dropping on each cheek, while it looks up into the face of His anguish. And so the cross must be lifted, and the hole is dug on the top of Calvary. It must be dug three feet deep, and the cross is laid on the ground, and the sufferer is stretched upon it, and the nails are pounded through nerve, and muscle, and bone, through the right hand, through the left hand; and then they shake His right hand too see if it is fast, and then they shake His left foot to see if it is fast, then they heave up the wood, half a dozen shoulders under the weight, and they put the end of the cross to the mouth of the hole, and they plunge it in: all the weight of His body coming down for the first time on the spikes; and while some hold the cross upright, others throw in the dirt and trample it down, and trample it hard. O, plant that tree well and thoroughly, for it is to bear fruit such as no other tree ever bore. Why did Christ endure it? He could have taken those rocks, and with them crushed His crucifiers. He could have reached up and grasped the sword of the omnipotent God and with one clean cut have tumbled them into perdition. But no, He was to die. He must die. His life for my life. His life for your life. O, such a Christ as that—so loving, so self-sacrificing—can you not trust Him?

I think there are many under the sprit of God who are saying: "I will trust Him if you will only tell me how:" and the great question asked by thousands in this assemblage is: "How? how?" And while I answer your question I look up and utter the prayer which Roland Hill so often uttered in the midst of his sermons: "Master, help!" How are you to trust in Christ? Just as you trust any one. You trust your partner in business with important things. If a commercial house gives you a note payable three months hence, you expect the payment of that note at the end of the three months. You have perfect confidence in their word and in their ability. You go home to-day. You expect there will be food on the table. You have confidence in that. Now, I ask you to have the same confidence in the Lord Jesus Christ. He says: "You believe; I take away your sins," and they are all taken away. "What?" you say, "before I pray any more? Before I read my Bible any more? Before I cry over my sins any more?" Yes, this moment. Believe with all your heart and you are saved. Why, Christ is only waiting to get from you what you give to scores of people every day. What is that? Confidence. If these people whom you trust day by day are more worthy than Christ, if they are more faithful than Christ, if they have done more than Christ ever did, give them the preference; but if you really think that Christ is as trustworthy as they are, then deal with Him as fairly. "Oh," says some one in a light way, "I believe that Christ was born in Bethlehem, and I believe that He died on the cross." Do you believe it with your head or your heart?

You often go across a bridge you know nothing about. You do not know who built the bridge, you do not know what material it is made of; but you come to it, and walk over it, and ask no questions. And here is an arched bridge blasted from the "Rock of Ages," and build by the architect of the whole universe, spanning the dark gulf between sin and righteousness, and all God asks you is to walk across it; and you start, and you come to it, and you go a little way on it, and you stop, and you fall back and you experiment. You say: "How do I know that bridge will hold me?" instead of marching on with firm step, asking no questions, but feeling that the strength of the eternal God is under you. O, was there ever a prize offered so cheap as pardon and heaven are offered to you? "Without money and without price." No money to pay. No journey to take. No penance to suffer. Only one decisive action of the soul: "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved." Shall I try to tell you what it is to be saved? I cannot tell you. No man, no angel can tell you. But I can hint at it. For my text brings me up to this point: "Thou shalt be saved." It means a happy life here, and a peaceful death and a blissful eternity. It is a grand thing to go to sleep at night, and to get up in the morning, and to do business all day feeling that all is right between my heart and God. No accident, no sickness, no persecution, no peril, no word can do me permanent damage. I am a forgiven child of God, and He is bound to see me through. He has sworn He will see me through. The mountains may part, the earth may burn, the light of the stars may be blown out by the blast of the judgment hurricane; but life and death, things present and things to come, are mine. Yes, further than that—it means a peaceful death. Mrs. Hemans, Mrs. Sigourney, Dr. Young and almost all the poets have said handsome things about death. There is nothing beautiful about it. When we stand by the white and rigid features of those we love, and they give no answering pressure of the hand, and no returning kiss of the lip, we do not want anybody poetizing around about us. Death is loathsomeness, and midnight, and the wringing of the heart until the tendrils snap and curl in the torture unless Christ be with us. I confess to you to an infinite fear, a consuming horror, of death unless Christ shall be with me. I would rather go down into a cave of wild beasts or a jungle of reptiles than into the grave, unless Christ goes with me. Will you tell me that I am to be carried out of my bright home and put away in the darkness? I cannot bear darkness. At the first coming of the evening I must have my gas lit, and the further on in life I get the more I like to have my friends around about me. And am I to be put off for thousands of years in a dark place with no one to speak to? When the holidays come, and the gifts are distributed, shall I add no joy to the "Merry Christmas" or the "Happy New Year?" Ah, do not point down to the hole in the ground, the grave, and call it a beautiful place; unless there be some supernatural illumination, I shudder back from it. My whole nature revolts at it. But now this glorious lamp is lifted above the grave, and all the darkness is gone, and the way is clear. I look into it now without a single shudddder. Now my anxiety is not about death: my anxiety is that I may live aright, for I know that if my life is consistent, when I come to the last hour, and this voice is silent, and these eyes are closed, and these hands with which I beg for your eternal salvation to-day are folded over the still heart, that then I shall only begin to live. What power is there in anything to chill me in the last hour if Christ wraps around me the skirt of his garment? What darkness can fall on my eyelids then, amid the heavenly daybreak? O death, I will not fear thee then! Back to thy cavern of darkness, thou robber of all the earth. Fly, thou despoiler of families. With this battle ax I hew thee in twain from helmet to sandal, the voice of Christ sounding all over the earth, and through the Heavens: "O death, I will be thy plague. O grave, I will be thy destruction."

To be saved is to wake up in the presence of Christ. You know when Jesus was on the earth how happy He made every house He went into, and when He brings us up to His house how great our glee. His voice has more music in it than is to be heard in all the oratorio of eternity. Talk not about the banks dashed with efflorescence, Jesus is the chief bloom of Heaven. We shall see the very face that beamed sympathy in Bethany, and take the very hand that dropped its blood from the short beam of the cross. O, I want to stand in eternity with Him. Toward that harbor I steer. Toward that goal I run. I shall be satisfied when I awake in His likeness. Oh, broken hearted men and women, how sweet it will be in that good land to pour all your hardships, and bereavements, and losses into the loving ear of Christ, and then have Him explain why it was best for you to be sick and why it was best for you to be widowed, and why it was best for you to be persecuted, and why it was best for you to be tried, and have Him point to an elevation proportionate to your disquietude here, saying: "You suffered with me on earth, come up now and be glorified with me in Heaven."

There are hearts here that are utterly broken down by the bereavements of life. I point you to-day to the eternal balm of Heaven. Are there any here that I am missing this morning? O, you poor waiting maid, your heart's sorrow poured in no human ear, lonely and sad! how glad you will be when Christ shall disband all your sorrows and crown you queen unto God and the Lamb forever! O, aged men and women, fed by His love and warmed by His grace for three score years and ten! will not your decrepitude change for the leap of a hart when you come to look face to face upon Him whom, having not seen, you love? O, that will be the Good Shepherd, not out in the night and watching to keep off the wolves, but with the lambs reclining on the sunlit hill. That will be the Captain of our salvation, not amid the roar, and crash, and boom of battle, but amid His disbanded troops keeping victorious festivity. That will be the Bridegroom of the Church coming from afar, the bride leaning upon His arm while He looks down into her face and says: "Behold, thou art fair, my love! Behold, thou art fair."

Toole's Little Joke.

A London correspondent reports a laughable incident at the Mansion house. While a conciliation committee, composed of ministers of various denominations, was sitting at the Mansion house Mr. Toole happened to call by appointment to see the Lord Mayor. As he passed through the vestibule, in which were standing several representatives of the press waiting for the result, one of them proved so unfamiliar with his appearance that he asked the famous comedian whether he was not the Rev. Mr. So-and-So. Mr. Toole, with evident surprise, replied in the negative, but on re-entering the vestibule half an hour later he had his revenge. Having been himself mistaken for a clergyman he professed to mistake the assembled reporters for coal-porters, and, bustling up to them, he said to them in his most compassionate tones: "I'm afraid this is a bad job for you my poor men, but I hope you will soon be able to find some other kind of work." Even the unsuspecting reporter is not likely to forget Mr. Toole now.

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LENNIS DOWNING.
Waterbury, Vt., Jan. 20th, 1887.

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The new Blood Purifier and purest and best of Humor Remedies internally, and Cuticura, the great skin cure, and Cuticura Soap an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, speedily, and permanently cure every species of itching burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous and hereditary diseases and humors of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula.
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A Poser.

Bennie—Mamma, do people really buy babies?

Mamma—Of course, child, of course. Run out now and play.

Bennie (in a brown study)—Then, why is it, mamma, that poor people buy more of 'em than anybody else?

City and Country Houses.

Jinks—Winks must be doing finely. He tells me he has a country house and a city house.

Binks—He has. He takes care of my country house in winter and of my city house in summer.

Society.

Little Chick—What do you get that ugly little thing come under your wing for?

Old Hen (who had inadvertently hatched a duck's egg)—I can't help it, my dear. We've got to put up with the creature, because she belongs to our set, you know.

IF SICK HEADACHE IS MISERY, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

ST. JACOBS OIL
SURE CURE.
CURES PERMANENTLY
NEURALGIA.
Intense Pain in Face.
Little Rapids, Wis., March 2, 1889.
My wife suffered with such intense neuralgic pains in the face; she thought she would die. She bathed her face and head with St. Jacobs Oil, and it cured her in four hours.
CARL SCHEIBE.
AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

WHEELOCK'S
CROCKERY STORE
IS NOW FULL OF
CHOICE GOODS.
The Prices This Season are Low
They have just opened some goods of their own importation that will please you.
Dinner Sets,
Chamber Sets,
"Velatina,"
Royal Worcester.
"Crown Devon"
Art Goods.
50 kinds of Lamps. Over a cord of wooden and Iron Toys direct from the factories. A personal inspection will pay you.

HARNESS
We have in stock the best line of
Heavy and Fine Harness
IN THE CITY.
BLANKETS AND ROBES AT COST
A specialty of
Horse Boots and Sporting Goods
Call and see us.
HALL & SON,
Successor to Jas. A. Fathers,
Corner Main and Court Sts.

S. C. BURNHAM & CO
Jewelers AND Optician
ORGANS,

PIANOS.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
DEALERS IN
Musical Merchandise
NO. 18 EAST MILWAUKEE ST.
JANESVILLE, - - - WISCONSIN

OUR NEW $85 Solid Gold Watch **FREE.** Worth $100.00. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting cases. Both ladies' and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $20 to $60 per week and upwards. Address, Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.

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Job Printing!
AT
Gazette Job Rooms

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT
WITH SUSPENSORY FOR WEAK MEN
DEBILITATED through INDISCRETIONS or EXCESSES
WE GUARANTEE TO CURE by this New IMPROVED ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY or REFUND MONEY. Made for this specific purpose, Cure of Generative Weakness, giving Freely, Mild, Soothing, Continuous Currents of Electricity through all WEAK PARTS, restoring them to HEALTH and VIGOROUS STRENGTH. Electric Current Felt Instantly, or we forfeit $5,000 in cash. BELT and Suspensory Complete $5. and up. Worst cases Permanently Cured in three months. Sealed pamphlet Free.
SANDEN ELECTRIC CO., 169 LaSalle St., CHICAGO, ILL.

Subscribe for the Gazette.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK.**

FORCLOSURE SALE—Ella M Caldwell, plaintiff; vs. Gabriel Goldsmith and Emmagene O. Goldsmith, defendants.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of and in pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled action on the 8th day of December, 1888, in the circuit court for Rock county, Wisconsin in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above named defendants, I will on Wednesday, the 29th day of January, 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the front door of the postoffice, in the city of Janesville, in said county of Rock, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, all the real estate and mortgaged premises situated in said county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, in and by said judgment directed to be sold, and therein described as follows to wit:
The east half of the southwest quarter of section number three (3), town number three (3) north of range twelve (12) east, containing eighty acres of land, more or less, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to pay said judgment with interest thereon, together with costs of sale
Dated December 14, 1889.
GEORGE C. BABCOCK, Sheriff of Rock Co. Wis.
DUNWIDDIE & GOLDIN, Plaintiff's Atttorneys.
dec16d7w.

FORECLOSURE SALE—STATE OF WISCONSIN, Circuit Court for Rock County.—Levi Leonard vs. James R. West and Flora C. West.
Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale made and entered in the above entitled action on the thirteenth (13th) day of December, A. D., 1888, in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above named defendants, I will on saturday, the first day of February, A. D., 1890, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county of Rock, and state of Wisconsin, offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, all the real estate and mortgaged premises situate, lying and being in the village of Evansville, Rock county, Wisconsin, and known and distinguished as lot number two (2) in block number seventeen (17) in said village, according to the recorded plat thereof, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to pay said judgment with the interest thereon and the costs of sale.
Dated, December 14th, 1889.
GEORGE C. BABCOCK, Sheriff of Rock Co., Wis.
dec14d7w

RESOLUTION—Resolved, By the mayor and common council of the city of Janesville, that from and after this date, any person intending to deal or trade, or trading or dealing in said city as a trancient merchant trader or dealer, shall pay to the treasurer of said city of Janesville, the sum of five dollars for each and every day during which said person shall so engage in business in said city, and that said per diem tax shall be paid to the city treasurer in advance, on or before 10 o'clock a. m., of each day during which person shall intend to or shall engage in business in said city as such trancient merchant trader or dealer as aforesaid.
Approved.
J. W. ST. JOHN, Mayor.
Passed May 20, 1889.
GEO. H. BATES, City Clerk jan10d3w

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY—In probate.
Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court, to be held in and for said county, at the court house, in the city of Janesville in said county, on the first Tuesday being the 4th day of February, 1890 at nine o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:
The petition of Frederick M. Marzluff, for administration of the estate of Michael J. Cadigan, late of the city of Janesville in said county, deceased.—Dated, January 13 1890.
By the Court, J. W. SALE, County Judge.
jal3d3w

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY—In Probate.
Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court to be held in and for said county at the court house, in the city of Janesville, in said county on the first Tuesday being the 4th day of February, 1890, at nine o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:
The petition of Carrie M. Langworthy for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Fred B. Langworthy, late of the town of Fulton, in said county, deceased.—Dated, January 11, 1890.
By the Court: J. W. SALE, County Judge.
jan11w3w

TO WEAK MEN
Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

FOR MEN ONLY!
VIGOR and STRENGTH
For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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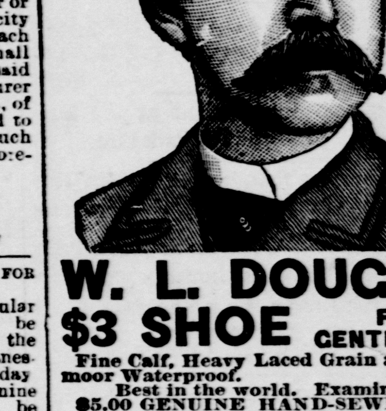
FAST MAIL LINE with Electric Lighted and Steam Heated, Vestibuled Trains between Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis.
TRANS-CONTINENTAL ROUTE with Electric Lighted and Steam Heated Vestibuled Trains between Chicago and Council Bluffs, Omaha or St Paul and the Pacific Coast.
GREAT NATIONAL ROUTE between Chicago, Kansas City and St. Joseph, Mo.
5700 MILES OF ROAD, reaching all principal points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, South Dakota and North Dakota.
FOR MAPS, TIME TABLES, rates of passage and freight, etc., apply to the nearest station agent of the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, or to any Railroad Agent anywhere in the world.
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen'l. Pass & Tkt. Agent.
ROSWELL MILLER, General Manager.
For information in reference to Lands and Towns owned by the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL Railway Company, write to H. G. HAUGAN, Land Commissioner, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

DRUNKENNESS
Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. Over 100,000 drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. 48 page book of particulars free.
Frank Sherer, druggists, - Agent, Janesville, Wis.

USE PEERLESS BRAND FRESH BALTIMORE OYSTERS
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM

C. H. PEARSON & Co.
BALTIMORE, Md.

CAUTION Take no shoes unless W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom. If the dealer cannot supply you, send direct to factory, enclosing advertised price.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
Fine Calf, Heavy Laced Grain and Creedmoor Waterproof.
Best in the world. Examine his
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 & $2 WORKINGMEN'S SHOES.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.
$3 & $2 SHOES FOR LADIES.
$1.75 SHOE FOR MISSES.
Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
BROWN BROS.
16 East Milwaukee Street.

One of the BEST Telescopes in the world. **FREE** Our facilities are unequaled, and to introduce our superior goods we will send FREE to ONE PERSON in each locality, as above. Only those who write to us at once can make sure of the chance. All you have to do in return is to show our goods to those who call—your neighbors and those around you. The beginning of this advertisement shows the small end of the telescope. The following cut gives it reduced about the fiftieth part of its bulk. It is a grand, double size telescope, as large as is easy to carry. We will also show you how you can make from $3 to $10 a day at least, from the start, without experience. Better write at once. We pay all express charges. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, PORTLAND, MAINE.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST
For BLACK STOCKINGS.
Made in 40 Colors that neither Smut, Wash Out Nor Fade.
Sold by Druggists. Also
Peerless Bronze Paints—6 colors.
Peerless Laundry Bluing.
Peerless Ink Powders—7 colors.
Peerless Shoe & Harness Dressing.
Peerless Egg Dyes—8 colors.

RICHES.
If you desire them no use fooling away time on things that don't pay; but send $1.00 at once for magnificent outfit of our Great New Stanley Book. If book and terms not satisfactory we will refund your money. No risk. No capital needed. Both ladies and gentlemen employed. Don't lose time in writing. "Step in while the waters are troubled." Days are worth dollars. Address,
B. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Main st., Richmond, Va.

THE CHICAGO AND
NORTH-WESTERN
RAILWAY.
Affords unrivalled facilities for transit between the most important cities and towns in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Wyoming. The train service is carefully adjusted to meet the requirements of through and local travel, and includes
Fast Vestibuled Trains
—OF—
Dining Cars, Sleeping Cars and Day Coaches
Running solid between Chicago and
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Council Bluffs, Omaha, and Denver.
Pullman and Wagner Sleepers
CHICAGO TO SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO to PORTLAND, OREGON,
WITHOUT CHANGE.
COLONIST SLEEPERS
CHICAGO to PORTLAND, OREGON, AND SAN FRANCISCO.
Free Reclining Chair Cars
CHICAGO to DENVER.
Via. Council Bluffs and Omaha.
For time of trains, tickets and all information, apply to Station Agents of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, or to the General Passenger Agent at Chicago.
W. H. NEWMAN, 3d Vice Pres.
J. M. WHITMAN, Gen'l Manager.
E. P. WILSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

The Hotel Eastman,
HOT SPRINGS, ARK
The largest and finest RESORT HOTEL in America, with finest Bath Houses in the world connected, will open (under management of O. G. BARRON, of White Mountain Hotels) for season of 1890, January 15th. Tickets should be bought via St. Louis and Mountain Southern R. R.

HE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND WEEKLY 8,500.

LOCAL MATTERS.

1890. 1890.

$5.50 PER TON. $5.50

A Happy New Year to All

We will deliver in ton lots or over a very choice grade of Scranton coal at $5.50 per ton. All other Coal and wood in proportion. When we hit prices we hit them hard. Leave your orders with

SMITH & GATELEY.

Fuel.

"No shed burned dock stuff."
No pea coal mixture.
No shoddy business.
No nonsense.

BLAIR & GOWDEY.

Subscription and Advertising Rates.

DAILY—Per year payable in monthly installments..... $6.00
WEEKLY—Per year, in advance..... 1.50

WE PUBLISH FREE,

Marriage, death and obituary notices, without Poetry; also notices of church and society meetings.

WE PUBLISH AT HALF RATES.

Church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

WE CHARGE FULL RATES,

for cards of thanks, obituary poems, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

THE GAZETTE

Is the best advertising medium in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when so considered. prices for local or display advertising cheerfully furnished on application.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

APRIL 15, 1880.

Brownell & Clemons have still on hand choice, sound, Baldwins, Greenings and Northern Spy apples, warranted in good condition. Try them when in need of good fruit. Price as low as any.

FOR SALE—A large Hess heater suitable for a hall, store or large room—also a good safe—either will be sold at a bargain.

The best bargains ever offered in shoes, at M. Samuels special sale.

TO RENT—Basement under T. J. Zeigler's store. GEO. H. SMITH.

A few boarders wanted at 206 South Franklin street.

Grand special sale of boots and shoes at M. Samuels'.

Now is your time to buy, at M. Samuels' shoe sale.

D. Conger's office is the place for bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land.

—WANTED—An assistant at the kindergarten. Apply at 116 Park street.

If you want a fine, new home in this city, see me before you buy. D. CONGER

FOR RENT—A front room at 104 Park Place facing the court house ountain on south. Inquire on the premises.

Money to loan by D. Conger.

FOR RENT.—House No. 205 Division street, near high school, WM. ROSS.

LOOK—At those choice lots in the first ward for sale by D. CONGER.

TO RENT—After the 6th of January the store at 15 North Main street will be to rent. Inquire at 15 Milton avenue.

MRS. E. ZEININGER.

FOR SALE CHEAP

If taken soon, new house and six acres of land on corner of Milton Avenue and Elida streets. In fine shape to sell in acre or half acre lots. D CONGER.

Coal.

One-third Nut and Range, two-thirds Pea coal, at $5 per ton. Nut, range, No. 4, and Egg at reduced price Straight Rock Maple, Second Growth. Pine Slabs, Poplar, and all kinds of wood sawed and split, at bottom prices. Leave orders at J. H. Myers' grocery. Telephone 62. D. K. JEFFRIS.

The largest and best assortment of family and teacher's bibles at Sutherland's book store.

Do you suffer with catarrh? You can be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists.

Advice to Mothers.

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle.

Ladies clean your kid gloves with Mother's Glove cleaner; for sale only Burns & Boland's dry goods store.

Magnificent pictures finely framed at Sutherland's book store.

New supply of those bamboo easels at Sutherland's bookstore.

Jan. 14th Counterpanes will be offered

Get your excelsior diaries for 1890 at Sutherland's book store.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A valuable patent. For particulars apply at Hem-street's.

On the 10c. counter at Wheelock's: Chamois window cleaners, hammers, six kinds egg beaters, tracing wheels purses, monkey wrenches, egg boilers

For school books and school supplies call at Sutherland's Bookstore.

All underwear marked down to cost; ladies' and gent's mufflers at greatly reduced prices. Hoods, fascinators, etc., cheaper than ever, at Spoon & Snyder's.

After you have made a tour of the market call at T. J. Zeigler's for bargains in clothing.

Heroes of the Dark Continent, all about Stanley's latest adventures. Orders taken by I. E. Campbell, 211 North Bluff street, Janesville, Wis.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR EYES.

DR. B MINCER, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich, will visit every town in this county during the winter. Anyone suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the post-office will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examing or visiting patients at heir homes.

BRIEFLETS.

—Hear Horr to-night.

—Quite slippery walking.

—C. G. Drummond left for Chicago this morning.

—H. V. Allen is home from a short visit in Chicago.

—Joe L. Bostwick is confined to the house by sickness.

—Give ex-Representative Horr a good house this evening.

—Mr. E. J. Samuels is recovering from a severe fit of sickness.

—Under sheriff Acheson arrested an unruly drunk Saturday night.

—Miss Maude Fuller is home from the state university entertaining la grippe.

—Mayor St. John has called a special meeting of the common council for this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—L. E. Purves and S. M. Garlick, of Beloit, took dinner at the Park yesterday

—The Terpsichorean Club will give one of their very popular parties at Columbia Hall this evening.

—Hon. J. B. Doe is improving every day and if nothing happens will soon be around again.

—Cutaway and sack business suits in great variety and at living prices at Ziegler's.

—Mr. S. D. Grubb is decidedly better to-day and if he receives no set back is in a fair way to recovery.

—The Evening Star Club gave one of their very popular parties at Hibernia hall Saturday evening.

—L. D. Richardson left for Shullsburg this morning on business for the Wisconsin Telephone Company.

—Alderman J B. McLean has returned from Chicago where he has been rusticating for the past two weeks.

—H. J. Cunningham returned to Beloit, where he is attending college after wrestling with the grip for two weeks.

—"Prof. Meeke's humorous delineations and impersonations were exceedingly fine and finished."—*The Chicago Herald*.

—Crystal Temple of Honor No. 32 assemble in regular weekly meeting this evening—lodge room in the Judd block, North Main street.

—Henry Schuman and Alexander Richardson started out with their sample cases this morning in the interest of Richardson & Norcross.

—There was great excitement on the streets Saturday night, the stabbing of Martin Hessian having set afloat several rumors of wholesale murder.

Better than money at 25 per cent. House and lot 2d ward and lots in 3d ward. J. G. SAXE.

—There were several narrows escapes from drowning while skating yesterday. Several boys and girls got a good wetting but were rescued by bystanders.

—Mrs. Mary M. Late arrived home on Saturday evening from Ashland, after spending several weeks visiting relatives and friends in the northern part of the state.

—The remains of Edward Potter arrived at 1:05 to-day and the funeral will be held from the residence of Mr. Horace McElroy to-morrow morning at half past ten.

—To-day is pay day at the Building and Loan Association. Call on Secretary Burnham and pay your assessment. Don't forget it. The office will be open this evening.

—W. H. Sargent Post No. 20, Grand Army of the Republic, enjoyed one of their weekly socialbles at Post Hall Saturday night.

—There is to be another masquerade. The Cyclone Base Ball Club will give one at Columbia Hall Thursday, February 13th.

—The La Fayette Daily News said: "Mr. Horr is at once witty, quaint, logical, philosophical, entertaining and argumentative."

—By reason of her serious illness Mrs. Anson Rogers is compelled to postpone her five o'clock tea, for which invitations have been issued, to Saturday of the present week.

—Closing out sale, commencing Monday morning, January 20th, '90, we offer our stock of groceries at 169 West Milwaukee street, at cost. Come and see what a dollar in cash will buy. Store fixtures, horse, wagon and harness for sale. DUTTON & SON.

—The Concordia Society are making arrangements for their annual masquerade at Concordia hall Tuesday evening, February 4 Smith & Anderson's band will furnish the music. A general invitation is extended to the public.

—St. Agnes Guild of Trinity parish will meet Tuesday evening of this week with Miss Ida Davies. All members are earnestly desired to be present as there is business of importance to be transacted.

—The Odd Fellows gave one of their fortnightly dances at Odd Fellows' hall Saturday evening. The attendance was good and everybody seemed to be enjoying themselves. The party lasted until midnight. Tuckwood furnished the music.

—Saturday evening while skating on the river, Miss Maggie Flaherty had a narrow escape from drowning. The ice broke, letting Miss Flaherty into the water. She was rescued with considerable difficulty by Mr. John Vinten, one of Valentine's students.

—Joseph Jefferson's recollections of Edwin Forrest will form an interesting part of the Jefferson autobiography in the Midwinter (February) Century. Four portraits of the famous tragedian—two in character, and two as he appeared off the stage—accompany the article.

—The fire police company have finally secured a new team of horses for use on the fire patrol wagon. They were purchased by Mr. Mouat, of Bowles, Hadden & Co., last Friday, near Caledonia, Illinois. They are matched greys, weigh about 2,700 pounds, and are said to be as fine a team as there is in the fire department. The team is expected to arrive sometime this evening.

—Messrs. W. H. Wheeler, of Beloit, and J. E. Heg and Senator Reynolds, of Lake Geneva, have secured the franchise for water works and electric lights for Lake Geneva, and the Eclipse Wind Engine Co., of Beloit, will be constructors. There will be four miles of pipe and the city pays for 50 hydrants at $50 per year hydrant, and $75 per year per light for 20 arc lights of 1,200 candle power each.

—The Toronto Mail says: "In the second part Mr. Findley McGregor gave "Hamlet the Dane" and in response to an encore brought down the house with a conglomeration of songs, accompanying himself on some indescribable instrument, which was everything by turns and nothing long," the imitation of the bagpipes being sterllingly realistic."

—Helen Modjeskn has written an entertaining paper for the February Arena, in which she gives, in her own charming manner; reminiscences of debuts in her early dramatic career. Madame Modjeska is as entertaining in her literary work as she is accomplished in the dramatic art. A full page photogravure made from a recent photograph by Sarony, taken in costume, accompanies this paper.

—Opinions of citizens of Moorhead, Minn., concerning one of Mr. Horr's lectures: "I would have given $5 to hear that lecture. It was worth the cost of the whole course." "It was by far the best lecture of the course, and I was highly pleased with it." "It doubled and trebled any lecture of the course. Mr. Horr is chock full of fun, and he lets it out in great shape. His views, too, are solid and sound, and he has an apt way of expressing himself so that all understood it." "Horr is a good one. The lecture sparkled all through with wisdom, hard common sense and wit and humor."

THAT COUNTY PRINTING.

The Recorder of Sunday morning devotes more space to County Clerk William, Supervisor Carle and the Gazette, accusing the clerk with exceeding his authority and possessing a painful facial expression, complimenting the supervisor on his eloquence and magnetism, and denouncing the Gazette for general cussedness.

In reply the Gazette will simply state that the contract for county printing was awarded to the lowest bidder.

When the county board by resolution instructs the clerk to advertise for bids on coal, wood, printing or any other article, it becomes the duty of the clerk to place a time limit on bids, and this is invariably done. If no limit was necessary, bids could be filed as long as the board was in session. The Recorder says that "the end is not yet," and doubtless refers to the time limit.

Referring to the resolution on printing the Recorder says: "Mr. Williams had no power in the matter, in fact the resolution was to *take just that power from him*." This candid statement places the origin of the resolution where it belongs. The author of a resolution should always understand its spirit, and should be commended for defining it so clearly.

"The Recorder thought it more expedient not to have its bid in his (Williams) possession for nine days before the time for opening the bids."

Why?

Because their sense of honor is so degraded that they were not willing to trust the county clerk with a sealed document.

Near the close of the Recorder's tirade appears the following complimentary statement:

"To their everlasting credit be it said that there were four republican members who could not be controlled by his (Carle's) eloquence or frightened by the painful expression of the clerk's face."

There were also six democrats who failed to be inspired or frightened; there would have been more brave democrats, but there were only six present.

Regarding the four republicans the Gazette will say that they were honest in their convictions, and doubtless not aware of the democratic scheme that was being perpetrated. When the Recorder comes to the end "that is not yet," the Gazette will suggest that it devote a little space to the topic:

"What have I ever done for the republican party."

THE WEATHER.

At seven o'clock yesterday morning the thermometer indicated 24 degrees above zero. Cloudy with southeast wind. At one o'clock p.m. the register was 35 degrees above zero. Cloudy with north wind. For the corresponding hours last year the register was 13 and 26 degrees above zero. At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 8 degrees above zero. Clear with west wind. At one o'clock p. m. the register was 15 degrees above zero. Clear with southwest wind For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 26 and 30 degrees above zero.

LA FOLLETTE WANTED TO ACT

A WISCONSIN REPRESENTATIVE IN THE CONGRESSIONAL DIME MUSEUM.

The shortest man in congress is still little "Bob" La Follette, of Wisconsin, and the tallest is Stewart, of Texas. The rebellious cowlick that covers most of La Follette's head, is a familiar sight around Janesville hotels, and the Chicago Herald's comparison of the giant and the dwarf of the "Congressional Museum" will be appreciated. Stewart, says the correspondent, is big all over. He weighs close to 275 pounds and he has a leg as big around as Joe Wheeler's waist. He has been in congress for six years and his speeches in the Congressional Record, if the pages were pasted together, would not be as long as his frame. La Follette is nearly a foot shorter than he and has twice the reputation on the floor. He is a member of the ways and means committee, and notwithstanding his five feet three inches, his 100 pounds weight and his boyish look, he has made a place for himself in the house. He appreciates the disadvantage of his size, and it is said that he once had a great ambition to be an actor. He called upon Edwin Booth and asked his advice about studying for the stage. Booth told him that he had no doubt that he possessed histrionic talent, but he said, referring to one of Shakespeare's plays, "Suppose you were fighting a duel in which you were to be the leading character, you would probably hear a cry from the gallery asking your opponent to take one of his size. You are a bright fellow but you are too little to be an actor." La Follette then dropped the stage idea, and is now making a reputation as a statesman.

It is said that a great many Englishmen are visiting this country this season. I asked Jinks what they came for. He said he supposed "to marry soft-pated millionaire women, to talk the fellows out of their money, who want to be fooled, and to lay in a supply of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup."

"The greatest cure on earth for pain, Salvation Oil; take up the strain.

HE HELD OFF THE MOB.

Sheriff Alfred Hoskins' Ruse in the Mayberry Case.

THE LYNCHERS DETAINED.

A Kentucky Spokesman Who Demanded the Prisoner Lodged for the Night.

The death of ex-Sheriff Alfred Hoskins recalls to mind an exciting incident which occurred during his term as sheriff of Rock county, it being one of the preliminary steps taken by the mob to lynch Mayberry. It was on one of the long and hot evenings of the early part of July, 1855, that a large and motley crowd of people had assembled on the lower part of the court house park. At that time this part of the park had been taken possession of by the county and was used for the purpose of dressing large stone for the new jail, then under contract. A large ditch run diagonally through this part of the park, leaving it at the south corner, and passing along South First street to the river. That part of the park lying north of the ditch was literally packed with these large flag stones, extending some rods east towards the old Register office, near Bluff street. On this particular long and hot July evening, during the progress of the trial, and when it had become apparent that Mayberry was guilty of the murder, excitement ran high, and it was feared the people could not be longer restrained from acts of violence. Several gangs of raftsmen had congregated in the city, all appearing determined and expressing themselves that Mayberry should suffer the death penalty. Mayor Dimock had issued a proclamation, reciting the fact of the murder, and calling on the people to assist the officers in upholding the law. Mayor Dimock also, on this particular night, called out the fire department, for the purpose of assisting in protecting the jail. Many of the members responded to this call, and early in the evening the jail was surrounded by the department in their new red uniforms. They soon tired of military duty, and being unarmed, did not feel like standing as targets for the mob which had now assembled in large numbers on the lower part of the park, and they quietly disbanded.

It was at about twilight when the assembled mob was called to order, and a Captain Dodge, a new comer of that day, hailing from Kentucky, was made chairman of the meeting. Captain Dodge spoke a few minutes to the crowd, advocating the lynching of the prisoner. The park now contained several thousand excited people, nearly all clamoring for the life of Mayberry.

Captain Dodge suggested that a committee of three be appointed by the meeting, with instructions to wait on Sheriff Hoskins and in the name of the people, demand the keys of the jail and of the prisoner's cell. The suggestion was speedily put in the form of a motion and unanimously adopted. Captain Dodge was appointed as chairman of this committee, and he and his colleagues immediately proceeded to the jail followed by the excited mob.

Sheriff Hoskins had not been idle all this time. He had a squad of well armed and trusty deputies stationed inside the jail building, determined that law should be respected. Captain Dodge and his committeemen rang the door bell. Sheriff Hoskins opened the door, when Captain Dodge, with considerable ceremony and bluster, made known his position and his errand. Sheriff Hoskins politely invited the committee into his parlor. They accepted the invitation. That was the last the mob saw or heard of the committee that night Sheriff Hoskins placed them under arrest and detained them in jail over night. After howling around the jail for an hour or two, the mob dispersed.

Things did not move as smoothly, however, on the following night. A large mob congregated on the jail grounds soon after dark, and commenced a bombardment with stones. Sheriff Hoskins appeared at the front door, demanding peace and order. The mob paid no attention, but demanded that Mayberry be placed in their hands. This Sheriff Hoskins could not accede to. The bombardment was resumed, and when the residence portion of the jail was assailed, Sheriff Hoskins again appeared and requested the mob to cease their demonstrations and allow him to remove his family to a place of safety. This the mob granted, and for an hour everything was quiet. Soon the lights were extinguished in the jail, and then the attack was resumed. Not a window was left unbroken in the building. Large timbers were secured and the heavy doors were battered from their hinges. The jail exterior was wrecked. Finally there was a lull—a leader was wanted—people by hundreds were brave enough to march up to the jail door, but not one brave enough to face the armed posse within, and enter the corridor. Sheriff Hoskins had issued orders not to fire until the mob had entered the building, but to shoot down the first man who entered with intent to capture or harm Mayberry. The mob understood this, and after several hours spent in hunting for a brave leader, they again dispersed for the night. The next day, the mob was more successful, capturing the unfortunate man on his way from the court house to the jail, and vengeance was at last satisfied.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

This morning the case of the state against Ira Crandall came up, and was adjourned until Thursday, January 23d.

Joseph Craney was before the court, charged with being drunk. He was convicted, and sentenced to four days in jail.

Officer McGinley had two tramps up this forenoon, also. One got forty days, and the second was allowed to go, on condition that he leave town.

David Griffin, the man who cut Martin Hessian Saturday night was before the court this afternoon charged with assault with intent to kill and assault with intent to do great bodily harm. He waived examination and was held for trial in the municipal court January 30th.

Pear's soap is the pure and best soap ever made.

OBITUARY.

ALFRED HOSKINS.

The announcement of the death of Mr. Alfred Hoskins, of this city, will be a surprise to our people. His death occurred at his home on North Bluff street at an early hour on Sunday morning. Mr. Hoskins was down town on Saturday, and although in feeble health consequent upon old age, he was apparently as well as usual. Sunday morning about three o'clock he was attacked with acute pneumonia; a physician was immediately summoned, but death ended his struggle in about an hour and a half after the attack.

Mr. Hoskins was born at Scipio, Cayuga county, New York, February, 1807, and was therefore nearly eighty-three years old at the time of his death. He was raised on a farm. He received a common school education, and at the age of twenty-one he began life for himself; he worked at farming in summer and in winter taught school. He followed this occupation for seven or eight years, being a very thorough and successful teacher.

In January, 1834, at Scipio, he was united in marriage with Miss Phoebe Ann Tompkins, ten children being the fruit of this union. Five survive the father, they being Miss Lucinda Hoskins, Mrs. W. C. Butler, of this city, Mr. J. A. Hoskins, of Harmony, Mr. Robert W. Hoskins, of McCulloch, Texas, Mrs. Mary M. Lane, of this city, and Mrs. W. A. Webster, of Ashland, Mrs. Hoskins died on May 7th, 1880.

Mr. Hoskins first came to Wisconsin in 1844, and soon after purchased a large tract of land in the townships of La Prairie and Harmony, engaging extensively in farming, in which he was very successful. He was frequently called upon by his fellow townspeople to fill the various public offices, and represented his town in the board of supervisors several years. In 1854 he was elected sheriff of Rock county, being the first republican elected to that office in the county. The office was one which he filled with credit not only to himself but to the people. It was during his term of office that the Mayberry murder trial took place. In 1867 Mr. Hoskins purchased the fine residence property at 209 North Bluff street, moving his family thereto, since which time the city has been his home. He has spent several winter seasons in California, and had just concluded arrangements to spend the remainder of this winter in that country, and intended to leave for the Pacific coast in a few days.

Few men in Rock county of the old pioneers, were better acquainted or held in higher esteem than he. He was a man of strong convictions, yet he was always willing to listen to and frequently respected the wishes of others even to his own disadvantage. Kind-hearted and generous to a fault, he was a most agreeable companion and accommodating neighbor. The family will have the sincere sympathy of many friends in their sudden and sad bereavement.

The funeral will be held from the house, 209 North Bluff street, at half past two o'clock to-morrow, (Tuesday) afternoon.

HESSIAN HURT.

MARTIN HESSIAN JR., IS STABBED BY DAVID GRIFFIN IN A SALOON SATURDAY NIGHT.

A serious stabbing affray occurred at the saloon of James Ryan, No. 114 West Milwaukee street, Saturday night. The trouble which occurred at half past seven, resulted in the stabbing of Martin Hessian, Jr., by David Griffin. Hessian's injuries consist of a cut in the left groin about an inch and a half long and two inches deep. The knife, or whatever instrument was used, (Griffin claims that it was the small blade of a penknife) cut completely through the muscles and reached the covering of the bowles. Dr. Chas. Clark, to whose office Hessian was taken, attended the wounded man, and pronounced his injuries severe. After sewing up the cut and making him as comfortable as possible, the patrol wagon was called and Hessian taken to his home at the corner of Center avenue and North streets in the fifth ward. He was resting easy this morning but the extent of his injuries can not yet be told. Marshal Hogan turned his attention to finding Griffin. After the cutting Griffin left the saloon and went home. The marshal went down to his house but did not find him. Later on he found his man at Thomas Welsh's saloon, No. 276 West Milwaukee street, and placed in him jail. Griffin says that he went into Ryan's and in the course of the evening got into a game of seven-up with Hessian. They had some trouble over the game and says that Hessian struck him twice. He pulled out his penknife and opening the little blade struck Hessian with it and got out of the place as quick as possible. The bartender says that he did not see Hessian strike Griffin, but could not see very well as there were a good many customers before the bar. He saw both men jump up, and got between them as soon as possible, but the work was done. Hessian is described as a very inoffensive fellow, but addicted to whisky. He was a lineman, working for Edward Smith, telegraph foreman of the C. & N. W. Ry. Smith says he was a good worker, and the best man he had. He is married, and has a wife and three children. Griffin is also married, having a wife and one child. He is a quiet fellow, and has not been in any trouble for a long time. He is all right as long as he lets whisky alone. He has been driving E. W. Lowell's wagon for some time, and has been a good worker.

TOBACCO SALES.

Sales of Seed Leaf tobacco reported by J. S. Gans' Son & Co., Tobacco Brokers, No. 131 Water street, New York, for the week ending January 20, 1890.

125 cases, crop of 1888, New England Havana Seed, at 14 to 37½ cents.

140 cases, crop of 1888, Pennsylvania Havana, at 12½ to 14 cents.

100 cases, crop of 1888, State Havana, at 12½ to 14 cents.

150 cases, crop of 1887-'88, Pennsylvania Seed Leaf, at 8½ to 10½ cents.

150 cases crop of 1888, Wisconsin Havana, at 10 to 13 cents.

100 cases, crop of 1888, Ohio, p. t.

150 cases, Sundries, at 8½ to 37½ cents.

Total, 910 cases.

Market very dull.

Pear's soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

THE ANGLEWORM CLUB.

A Reporter Spends an Evening With Them.

HUNTING EXPERIENCES.

The Reporter Hears Several Stories that Makes His Hair Stand on End.

Undoubtedly the Angleworm Club has among its members some of the most artistic and finished manipulators of yarns, and stretchers of the truth in the city. They are certainly a brilliant aggregation of prevaricators, and when they get to telling stories there is no knowing when they will stop. It was the fortune (good or bad) of a Gazette reporter to spend an evening at their club room in the armory building, last week. In the course of the evening the subject of highwaymen was mentioned, and one member said:

"I was going home one night, and down by the Central House I met a man. He wore a big felt hat, and looked every inch a bad man." I shied out to let him have all the road, when he pulled out a big gun and said, "Hold on there! throw up your hands!"

"Well, what did you say," some one inquired.

"I told him quietly, that I had not seen my hands, and"—but a dozen members had grabbed the story teller, and after wiping up the room with him, landed him out on the stone sidewalk on Franklin street, by way of a second story window. For some time the reporter was afraid to emerge from under the case of stuffed "animiles," where he had taken refuge during the melee, but when he did crawl out, he heard another story about as bad.

Another finished performer was telling about how he had gone deer shooting up near Ellis Junction, and had seen a deer jump fifty-six feet on a level. This seemed a pretty good one, but when another member said his say, he was paralyzed. A newspaper man is generally a good prevaricator but he stood no show in that crowd. The story was as follows, "When I hear a deer story I always believe it, for I have had many queer experiences with them. Last spring when I was up north trout fishing, with 'Basswood;' he and I were paddling along in our canoe, and all at once we saw a deer in the water. It was apparently asleep, as it did not move. Basswood proposed that we paddle up to him and see if he had a 'jag on.' You say you never heard of a deer having a 'jag on?' Why that's a common occurrence. There is a kind of a weed that grows in the water up north, that will put skates onto a deer in no time if they eat it. Well, we paddled up to that deer and got hold of his tail and blessed (quite positive that was the word) if we didn't pound all the hair off of his hind quarters with the paddle. Well"—but here the reporter, having a vague idea of the size of a deer's tail, with bared head, and showing proper respect for the boss prevaricator picked up a seal skin cap lying on the table and leaving his own fifty-cent head covering in place, made his way out into the gloomy night.

THE CIRCUIT COURT.

TO-DAY'S DOINGS BEFORE JUDGE BENNETT

In the circuit court this morning the divorce action of Sherman Robbins against Hattie Robbins came on for hearing. The court after having heard the testimony of the plaintiff and his mother, held the case open for further testimony.

In the action of Amelia B. Wilke, by Mr. Pfennig, her guardian, against Frank Wilke, the court ordered the defendant to pay the plaintiff $2.50 per week during the pendency of the action and also the sum of $20 suit money.

The action of Thomas H. Kyle against Maria and Frederick Fehley then came on for trial and will occupy the rest of the day.

Judge Window will be here to-morrow morning and the trial of Gombar against Laube et. al. will come up.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS.

The W. H. Sargent Woman's Relief Corps, No. 21, will meet in regular session on January 21st at 2:30 p. m., in the Post hall.

M. B. BURDICK, President.
J. E. BOWLES, Secretary.

To Whom it May Concern.

County orders for all claims allowed by the County Board are now ready for delivery. W. F. WILLIAMS,
County Clerk.

A Word About Sponges.

For many purposes sponges are superior to any other substance on account of their peculiar structure. No bath room or wash stand is complete without a large sponge. After this cheap and easily-attained luxury is once enjoyed it would be hard to persuade the owner to do without it. In buying a sponge, always purchase of a reliable dealer, avoiding all tempting bargains in bleached sponges, which have probably been used in hospitals, and for purposes not pleasant to think of. For the bath, choose a soft, fine-grained sponge. After using, a sponge should be washed and then rinsed in clean water and perfectly dried. A small piece of sponge is particularly good to wash a spot off a coat, vest, or other garment, as it leaves no lint. For washing woodwork, a large coarse sponge is very nice. It holds plenty of water and there is less danger of splashing the wall than with a cloth.

By the use of a damp sponge a carpet may be perfectly freed of dust and dirt without sweeping, and no article need be removed from the room. Take a bucket of tepid water and dip a sponge in it; wring until damp. Commencing at one corner of the room, wipe each width of the carpet with the sponge, always rubbing across the breadth. Rinse the sponge after wiping a yard or two of the carpet. When the floor is about half gone over, renew the water in the bucket.

A handy, economical lamp-chimney cleaner can be made in a few minutes by fastening a small bit of sponge to the end of a stick. Choose a smooth, tough twig a foot long; carefully split one end open for about an inch. Take a small piece of sponge and fasten it in the cleft stick with a few small tacks. At the other end, cut a grooved circle, in which tie a string, leaving a loop with which to hang the cleaner.

THE FARM

Selection of the Best

"'A down East' Yankee farmer always had remarkably fine crops of wheat, so much so that his neighbors were in the habit of resorting to him for seed grain. He kept it a profound secret as to how he was able to produce such a fine variety, calling it 'barrel wheat.' At last it came out, and his system was very simple. He set a barrel at his barn, and taking the sheaves of wheat one at a time in his arms, knocked the heads of grain over the edge. By this means only the biggest and ripest dropped off, and this, when cleaned and sifted, gave him seed which produced the biggest crops of the district. It is by adopting this principle of selecting the best that improvement is to be sought, only the process must begin further back. No doubt our threshing machines act the part of selectors in separating out the tails and rubbish, but a great deal more than that is necessary. As we said, the process must begin now for next season. The part of the growing crop which appears best to suit the circumstances of the farm ought to be noted—stiffness of straw, vigorous growth, large heads, and grain, early ripening, etc.—and this part allowed to become as ripe as possible without shedding the seed, and to be afterward kept separate. It should not be rubbed too much in the thrashing, so that the seed coats shall be preserved as much as possible, while the after dressings should be carried out so as to get the best possible sample. Passing it through the winnowing-machine in the ordinary way is not enough; it should be passed several times, and as the wind is the best separator of light and heavy, an extra strong blast should be turned on. If several quarters of grain were prepared in this way, and sown on land in a fair state of cultivation and manurial condition, and the process of selection repeated in the same way next season, it is certain that in the course of a few years a farmer would develop a strain better adapted to his farm than any outside variety could possibly be. Much might be done, of course, by trying several kinds to begin with, so as to find the best one for a foundation on which to work."

The Wood Lot

It is only for fire-wood, but in the cutting of this, as in everything else about the farm, there is a right way and a wrong way of doing, and even in wood-chopping, "brains" may be profitably invested. Every farm east of the Mississippi should have its wood-lot, and even on a small farm it will be found very convenient if the lot be large enough to furnish, besides firewood, such fencing stuff as may be needed, and an occasional "stick of timber" to go to the saw-mill and come back as plank, boards, etc. In cutting growing timber, one must think what the effect of the removal will be upon the trees that are left standing. By judicious cutting, the product of even a small lot may be kept up and increased. An abundance of wood for the summer kitchen should now be cut, split, and stacked under cover, where it will rapidly season.

Filling the Ice House

Lay boards from the ice up the bank to the top of an old packing-box placed there. The box should be two feet higher than the bed of the wagon or sled in which the ice is to be hauled. The boards will soon become icy, and the ice can easily be pulled or pushed along them to the box, and from it to the wagon or sled. The colder the weather the better for cutting ice. It is always easier to slide ice than to lift and wheel it. The prime point of putting the ice in the house is to fit the cakes closely together. The less air confined among the cakes the better the ice will keep. Make the crevices small, and fill them with powdered ice.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Breakfast.

A correspondent of the New York Mail and Express asks: "Can you suggest a wholesome variety of food for our breakfast table? The family physician prescribes a good meal at the beginning of the day, but the appetite of some in our house languishes." Where strict economy has not to be studied, there should be little difficulty, but it is well, if possible, for the mistress to have in her mind a sort of dietary routine for some ten days or a fortnight. Some cookery books give special chapters on breakfast and supper dishes; in others hints may be got from the list of entrees. Presuming that nitrogenous and "relishy" articles are chiefly meant, there is a wide choice in bacon, fried or boiled; ham, ditto and cold; chops and steaks; sausages, hot and cold (the latter not distressing bilious people); pickled pork; cold tongue; pates of potted meats (which are quite wholesome if turned out at once on opening the tins); sardines; kidneys and sweetbreads, fish fried, or smoked fish broiled; omelets and eggs boiled and poached; various kinds of seasoned meat pies. Any of the above may of course be wholesome and unwholesome for different people. The well-known "excellent substitute for butter at breakfast," put on butter, may get down another slice, and is most wholesome; dry toast, allowed to get cold, may sometimes be eaten after everything else. If more bulky farinaceous food is desired, and appetite fails for porridge, hominy or bread and milk (which should be attacked first, if at all), potatoes mashed or cold ones roughly mashed and done with pepper and salt in the frying-pan will often be eaten with some of the above, and so will tomatoes nicely grilled or stewed. And, finally, it helps along to drink coffee made with three-fourths of boiling milk, making the coffee rather strong, of course.

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GRAND CELEBRATION!

Of the 131st anniversary of the birthday of

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Under the auspices of Rock County Caledonian Society.

Light Infantry Armory,

JANESVILLE,

Thursday Ev'ng, January 23,

— 1890. —

JUDGE BENNETT,

will deliver the address of the evening.

The society have engaged the services of

Mr. Findlay McGregor,

The world-famed Scotch vocalist, mimic, and "Man of many instruments,"

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of Rockford, Ill., the celebrated elocutionist;

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Solos, Duets, Trios, Instrumental Music

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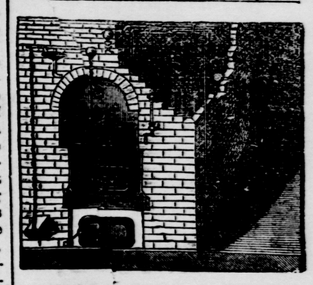
Tickets, $1 25, admitting lady and gentleman. Extra tickets for ladies 50 cents each.



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